

BEST MEAL IN TOWN
AT THE
G.T.P. RESTAURANT
T. N. SHORE, prop.

The Wainwright Star

PHONE 86 for
H. HERBERT
- THE DRAYMAN -

VOLUME XII, NUMBER 34

WAINWRIGHT, ALBERTA, JULY 14th, 1920

PRICE \$2.00 Per Year in Advance.

Wainwright Ball Boys On Top Again

Following up their successes of the Dominion day tournament the Wainwright ball boys "repeated the dose" at the big sports day held at Chauvin last week.

Some remarkable plays were made, and although at times the score-board saw-sawed, our boys proved their superiority both at the bat and in the field. All games played seven innings only.

The first draw gave Provost as opponents and this is the way the Wainwright boys pulled out at the high end of a 15-7 game:

Wainwright	AB	R	H	PO
Haney If	5	0	3	5
Richardson of	5	1	2	2
Plaxton as	5	1	3	2
Siddall 2b	5	3	3	0
Anderson p	5	3	2	1
Johnson c	5	2	4	1
Gaudiech 3b	5	2	3	2
Graham 1b	5	0	4	4
Blinn rf	5	2	1	3
	45	15	25	21

Later in the day the Chauvinites who won their draw crossed bats with the Wainwrights, but despite all they could do the home team had to be satisfied with the short end of a 9-6 score, leaving their opponents winners of the big money for the baseball event.

The box score for this game read:

Wainwright vs Chauvin	AB	R	H	PO
Haney If	4	0	1	3
Richardson of	4	1	2	2
Plaxton as	4	3	3	1
Siddall 2b	4	2	1	2
Anderson 1b	4	2	1	2
Johnson c	4	0	3	2
Gaudiech 3b	4	0	2	4
Graham p	3	0	0	3
Blinn rf	3	2	0	3
	34	9	14	21

Chauvin
Godon rf
Golden ss
Bugsley lf
Dundas 2b
Anderson p
Nugent c
Scott 1b
Kerby 3b
Crain cf

AB R H PO
4 2 2 2
4 0 2 3
4 1 3 1
4 0 2 2
4 0 2 4
4 1 2 2
4 1 1 2
4 1 2 2
4 0 1 3
36 6 15 21

COL STEWART HAS BIG SALE TUESDAY NEXT

On account of his leaving the district Mr. W. G. Murray is selling out completely on his farm holdings and Col. Stewart of Viking will wield the hammer on Tuesday next over a rare bunch of choice horses and cattle in addition to a full line of machinery and a raft of household effects on 16-47-11w4.

No less than 86 head of cattle and some 14 horses will change ownership and most of this is high-class stuff. Mr. McAtavay, who will push the pen says that chickens and pigs and articles under \$25 must fetch cash, although he will accept bankable paper from responsible parties for larger amounts. The sale will commence sharply at noon and will be absolutely preserved. Bear this in mind Next Tuesday. 14-7

We learn that Eugene Tory, who has been on the G. T. P. staff for some time, has accepted a position with Messrs. Thunkett and Savage, of Edmonton, and will be leaving shortly to commence his new duties.

Steve Bowerman is announcing a fine rare auction sale for Bob. Wakefield. Read his advt.

HEATH HAPPENINGS

The Heath U.F.A. local held a most enjoyable evening Friday last, when there was a very large turn out.

The committee for the above desire to express their sincere thanks for those who helped out in the concert programme.

Look out for another concert and dance which will probably take place soon again at Heath.

Quite a large number left here this morning to take in the Orange celebration at Tofield.

THE WHEAT CROP & INTRODUCING OF NEW STRAINS

According to statistics the wheat crop in Alberta stands second in importance—oats taking the first position. Wheat however, has been grown since the early days of settlement.

Both winter and spring wheat are grown quite extensively—the former less than the latter.

The early introductions of winter wheat so far as can be ascertained were Dawson's Golden Chaff, Turkey Red, and later Kharkov. These probably came to Alberta with settlers from Ontario and the United States.

Dawson's Golden Chaff was discovered in Ontario while the others came from Kansas, although originally from Russia.

In spring wheat the following introductions contributed a valuable service, especially to the drier areas, Red Fife, Ladoga, Blue Stern, Little Club.

The first two came from Ontario although Ladoga was brought into Canada by the Central Experimental Farm System. The last two mentioned in this Commonwealth.

(Continued on page 7)

IS THERE A RAKE-OFF

The following letter from the provincial secretary of the Great War Veterans Association of Canada, seems to present a sore spot to the public eye. It deals with a matter on which we are not informed but if the facts are as alleged it is evident that the S. S. B. is not playing very fair with the return men.

PREMIER MEIGHEN FORMALLY SWORN INTO HIS OFFICE

Hon. Arthur Meighen was formally sworn in at 11 o'clock Saturday morning as Canada's prime minister to succeed Sir Robert Borden. Sir Robert's resignation became effective and the last meeting of his cabinet was held Friday afternoon, lasting a little over an hour, and consisting chiefly of leave-taking of his colleagues who have served with him through the war.

Hon. N. W. Rowell, who has been president of the privy council and one of the most prominent members of the government during the session just ended, also took formal leave of his colleagues. He finished his work at his office Friday afternoon and later left for Toronto. It is understood that he intends to take a three months holiday in Europe, sailing within a week or 10 days.

It was announced from Mr. Meighen's office that he would not be able to announce the personnel of his cabinet but hopes to have the same complete early. There are no great changes expected and no talk of dark horses. F. B. McCurdy, who has already had some experience in cabinet work, is regarded as a certainty for Nova Scotia representation. He is here, but states that nothing official has been intimated to him as yet.

PREPARING TO TAKE THE REFERENDUM ON PROHIBITION

The war Measures Act prohibited the manufacture and inter-provincial shipment of liquor for beverage purposes for the duration of the war and for twelve months after the proclamation of peace. During this interval a referendum was to be taken throughout the Dominion to see if the War Measures Act was to become permanent statute law. Eminent legal opinion contended that the operation of the Act ceased automatically upon the signing of the Armistice. Parliament, after prolonged debate, was unable to decide the point and decided to take no action with regard to extending the Order-in-council and both the manufacture and inter-provincial shipment were restored on January first of this year.

As to the referendum to be taken the Federal Parliament amended the Canada Temperance Act by passing Bill 26, enabling a province to have a referendum on the question of the prohibition of the importation or bringing into the province of liquor for any but certain permitted purposes.

On account of several provinces having decided to submit the question to the people, it has been thought wise to defer the matter of holding the plebiscite until the fall, when it will not doubt be combined with the provincial elections and will very likely take place in October, although it is possible now that the question may be combined with the pending federal elections.

AUTHOR OF "O, CANADA" PASSES AWAY

Sir Adolphe Routhier, judge of the vice-admiralty court, a noted jurist and author of "O Canada," died Sunday night at his home at St. Pierre Les Bains. Sir Adolphe Routhier was 81 years of age, having been born at St. Placide, Que. May 8, 1839. He studied law at the University of Montreal and was called to the Quebec bar in 1861, and became a K.C. in 1873. He was appointed puisne judge of superior court in 1872, and chief justice in 1904, resigning in 1906. He remained a member of the admiralty court. He was a noted writer on biblical matters.

ADVERTISERS NOTE

Will our advertisers note that on account of having arranged to move the business of The Star office to our new premises next week, we are desirous of having all advertising changes at the earliest possible time—Ed.

10 CENTS NOW TO REGISTER MAIL MATTER

According to an amendment to the Post Office Act passed during the recent session of Parliament the Registration Fee on letters and other matter mailed in Canada is fixed at ten (10c) cents per each letter or article.

The above fee shall apply to all registered mail matter posted in Canada on and after the 15th July, 1920.

The public are hereby notified in order that they may see that all registered matter is fully prepared as regards both postage and registration fee.

Rev. ARTH. BARTON



who will speak in the interests of the forthcoming referendum campaign. He will hold meetings Friday at Glenora and on Sunday, 11 a.m. St. Andrews church, 3 p.m. Gilt Edge, 7:30 p.m. Grace church; 8:30 p.m. public meeting in the Elite theatre.

OPTIONAL ROUTES G.T.P. AND C.N. RAILWAYS

The Canadian National Railways and Grand Trunk Pacific announce improved passenger facilities of these two systems whereby passengers travelling transportation over either of these lines may have the privilege of using optional routes between Winnipeg, Regina, Saskatoon and Edmonton.

These arrangements are of great benefit to passengers leaving Winnipeg holding tickets over the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway destined to Regina, Saskatoon, Edmonton or beyond may have their tickets honored on Canadian National trains, or vice versa, for all or a portion of the route via the above junctional points.

Additional facilities are also being provided in the way of standard and tourist sleeping cars to meet these changed conditions.

"JUST GOING TO"

He was just going to help a neighbor when he died. He was just going to pay a note when it went to protest. He meant to insure his house but it burned before he got around to it.

He was going to reduce his debt when his creditors "shut down" on him. He was just going to stop drinking and dissipating when his health became wrecked.

He was just going to introduce a better system into his business when it went to smash. He was just going to quit work a while and take a vacation when nervous prostration came. He was just going to call on a customer to close a deal when he found his competitor had there first and secured the order—Philadelphia Credit Men's Bulletin.

ATHLETIC ASSOC. TO HOLD MEET FRIDAY EVENING

The members of this body met last Saturday and it was decided in view of the success of their recent contests, that another meeting be held on Friday evening next. The following events were decided upon each of which will carry two prizes—440 yards flat, 1/2 mile flat, 300 yards hurdles, obstacle race, mile bicycle, pole vault, high jump, and hop step and jump. In addition to these will be special events for boys. The meetings close at 6 p.m. on Friday.

THE REASON WHY

"We advertise, use some more advertising, and then advertise again. If we were compelled to give up advertising, we should close our doors and not wait to have them closed." These are the words of the proprietor of a country business in another section of the country. He has made his business the biggest in his territory. Why? Evidently because he believed in advertising. The most effective advertising medium is the local newspaper.

PROVINCIAL FIRE INSPECTOR VISITS WAINWRIGHT DIST.

Major J. Bruce, of Edmonton was in town last week in the interest of fire prevention, being the provincial fire inspector. In talking over things as he found them here, the inspector said that generally speaking the townfolk kept things in fairly good shape, there being only two or three instances in which he had to recommend an immediate clean-up of the townfolk's keeping of rubbish and packing substances. He stated that the town's fire hall and equipment and hall were in good shape and being well looked after. He mentioned the townfolk's keeping of rubbish and packing substances which are closer than 100 feet to adjoining buildings are instructed to provide cement floors for their premises. This being now an amendment to the Criminal Code.

FOOTBALLERS LOSE

(Held over from last week.)

The football match on Dominion Day was a credit to the home team, when Wainwright contested for a \$500 prize with the Chauvin F.C. The line up was—Wainwright—Boyd, goal; Tolmie, Priestley, backs; Frielickon, Holtsbaum, Rother, half backs; Channel, Lassmore, opening the forwards.

Chauvin—Flynn, goal; Forgan, Dressup, backs; Fitzpatrick, Perch, Johnston, half; Guthrie, Rede, Mills, Frost, Mattar, forwards. Referee J. Allan. The ball was kicked off sharp on time, Chauvin winning the toss, and after some interesting playing in midfield, a pass by the leading center, being the operator and the game then became faster. Forster scored for the home team but their opponents caught up to them again as the whistle blew.

Half-time score 2 goals each. On starting the second half, the Chauvin force put some extra pep into the game, with the result that after a hard fought struggle through the whole of this spasm the visitors led the home team at the close by the close margin of 4-3.

Vale M. D. 392 Holds Regular Meeting

The regular meeting of the above body was held on June 17th when all the members were present.

Brown—That the assessment on N. W. 2-41-6 be sustained—Carried.

McPherson—That the assessment on S. E. 19-43-5 be sustained—Carried.

Brown—That E. B. Wahlstrom's assessment be lowered to \$1300.—Carried.

Snyder—That assessment on N. E. 12-41-5 be sustained—Cd. Brown—That the assessment on W. 19-41-5 be sustained—Carried.

Jackson—That S. Gregory be relieved of his Wild Land tax for 1920.—Carried.

Snyder—That the Wild Land tax on N. E. 12-42-5 be sustained—Carried.

Brown—That H. Haroldson assessment on N. E. 1-41-5 be lowered to \$1500.—Carried.

Gold—That the Council proceed with general business—Carried.

Brown—That minutes of the meeting of May 1st be accepted as read—Carried.

Snyder—That two frescos be purchased from the Western Corrugated Calvert Co for \$85 f.o.b. Saskatoon, terms given to Nov. 1st, 1920.—Carried.

Foster—That W. J. Huntingford be hereby appointed auditor for Vale M.D. No. 392 for the year 1920 at a salary of \$50, and that the books be taken to Wainwright to be audited—Carried.

Gold—That question arising re cancellation of taxes on S.W. 9-43-4 be tabled—Cd.

Brown—That Mr. Brown's report re upkeep of Dechaine children be tabled till the next meeting—Carried.

Jackson—That question re \$12 road work requested by O. G. Singer be tabled till the next meeting—Carried.

Snyder—That H. Haroldson's taxes on N. E. 1-41-5 be left off the tax recovery list—Carried.

Snyder—That taxes that do not come under the influence of Tax Recovery Act be collected after Nov. 1st, with cost—Carried.

Brown—That H. G. Nerman be authorized to buy 8 spools of wire for road around 15-41-5 and that bill be sent to Vale M.D.—Carried.

Snyder—That if E. L. Bean furnishes the secretary with an affidavit that he has abandoned the tax on same be cancelled—Carried.

Brown—That the taxes against the W. 19-41-6 be cancelled—Carried.

Foster—That the taxes against the N. E. 19-43-6 be cancelled—Carried.

Snyder—That the secretary have sufficient notices printed re clause 8 of section 86 of the M. D. Act and send them out with tax notices—Carried.

Jackson—That J. Beck, sr., be allowed the penalty on his taxes and that the penalty be cancelled as he paid his taxes and cheque went astray—Cd.

Gold—That taxes on S.E. 7-41-5 be cancelled to date of filing said date being Aug 17 1918.—Carried.

Foster—That Wainwright Star bill of \$24.93 for stationery and printing be paid—Cd.

Gold—That report of committee re roads on 35-41-4 and 12-41-5 be accepted—Carried.

Snyder—That roads be established through N.E. corner of S.E. 35-41-4 and on N. side of 12-41-5, and that surveys be requested—Carried.

Gold—That Messrs. Jackson and Foster's report re road through 35-43-6 be accepted, and rescind motion establishing it on west side of section and establish it on east side of section as surveyed; also that motion calling for said survey to be obliterated be rescinded—Carried.

Jackson—That a permanent line running through center of 31-43-5 for half mile, turning north and following east side of lake; and that a survey be requested—Carried.

Foster—That secretary advise A. Plater to construct his fence according to Council's regulations and send in bill—Carried.

Snyder—That secretary advise a provincial government for a grant of seed to be spent on the road leading into Edgerton—Carried.

Gold—That secretary secure Act re impounding of animals and send copy to each of the poundkeepers—Carried.

Snyder—That Messrs. Brown and Gold be a committee to look into trouble arising out of an animal at large of Mr. M. Peterson, and take any necessary steps to protect Vale M.D. and see what Mr. Manley would charge as legal adviser—Cd.

Snyder—That taxes on E. 20-41-5 be left off tax recovery list—Carried.

Gold—That Mr. Snyder see Mr. Dempsey and if he will accept the position of secretary treasurer of Vale M. D. he is to be held at next meeting; if he does not accept, the secretary to put out notices calling for applications for next meeting of Council—Carried.

Snyder—That next meeting be held at McSaffery school house on July 10.—Carried.

Gold—That the secretary have the books audited by next meeting—Carried.

McPherson—That the Council adjourn—Carried.

MERCHANTS BANK ORENS SPECIAL STOCK BRANCH

For the convenience of their rancher and farmer friends and customers throughout the province, the Merchants Bank of Canada has opened a branch office at the Calgary Stock Yards.

It is their intention to have the manager of the Stock Yards Branch issue a weekly review of the live stock market which will be mailed to all Branches and customers on request. Daily quotation can also be obtained through him by telegraph or telephone. The proceeds of shipments can be transferred direct to the shipper's home branch or customers intending to buy can have their money transferred direct to the Stock Yards Branch and check it out there as he makes a purchase.

The office is very conveniently located at the Stock Yards and a room is provided for the use of ranchers and drovers. They are cordially invited to use this room as a headquarters while in Calgary.

SPECIAL NOTICE

During the threatened shortage of gasoline and coal oil, we will try and supply those tractor owners who are buying for stationary use. They are cordially invited to use this room as a headquarters while in Calgary. (Sgd.) Imperial Oil Co., Ltd. 287 W. C. Bowen, Agent

Pithy Paragraphs For Busy People

THE WEEK'S NEWS IN TERSE TERMS

Germany in the League

In the house of commons last week Premier Lloyd George announced that Germany would be invited to join the League of Nations as soon as she shows an earnest desire to carry out the conditions of the peace treaty.

A Year in Jail

A man named Otto Benson charged with failure to account for the funds of the rural municipality of Beetz was last week sentenced to one year in jail with hard labor.

Wool Shipment

The Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers Limited, have shipped six car loads of wool already for the 1920 clip. Three car loads were shipped from Regina and one from Manitoba. One car load was shipped from McKelvie and two from Fortage la Prairie.

Grain Buyers Meet

The fourth annual convention of the Order of Grain Buyers took place in Moose Jaw last week.

The Value of Affection

D. T. Henselman of the Delisle district recently used J. H. Day, a wealthy farmer of the same district for the alienation of the affection of his wife. The case came up a few days ago in the court at Delisle. Henselman played the detective, showing his wife with Day, who met together in the room of a hotel last November. Day declared that it was a frame up, but he had to pay nevertheless.

Peace River Gas

A tremendous flow of natural gas has been struck about five miles from Peace River town. Tests have been made with a view to finding out the possibility of extracting gasoline from it either by the absorption or compression method. The well is said to produce sixty million cubic feet of gas every twenty-four hours.

Murder Mystery

Two years ago a wholesale batch of murders took place in the Grande Prairie district. A man named Joseph Snyder and his nephew were killed about the 15th of January. Six days afterwards four Catholics were murdered in a shack. Two of the bodies were found in a ditch, and had been carried outside and placed in a wagon, and the fourth was in a stable, and all bore indications that the victims had come to their death by shooting. The police made every attempt possible to unravel the mystery, but without success. It was thought that robbery was the motive as the men were known to have a considerable sum of ready cash in their possession. No trace of it could be found after the killing. News of the tragedy was given to the public by a man named Dan Lough. For some time suspicion was fastened on him, but no direct evidence was secured. As time elapsed the settlers of the district became very indignant that these crimes were not unravelled. Quite recently the Alberta provincial government offered a reward of \$5,000 for the discovery of the murderer or murderers. The police got very busy and unearthed some further evidence. Dan Lough has accordingly been arrested, charged with the crime.

Alberta Wool Clip

It is understood that the wool clipped this year in Alberta is considerably less than last, owing to the hard winter, loss among stock and the poor condition of the people.

Winnipeg Tribune Sold

William Southern & Sons, Limited, have bought the Winnipeg Tribune, one of the oldest of the western newspapers. The Tribune was founded in 1890 by R. L. Richardson, M.P., for Springfield. It is one of the oldest daily newspapers in Western Canada. Mr. Richardson retains an interest in the company and will be the vice president. The managing editor is E. E. Nicoll, director of information for external affairs who has rendered his resignation. He was for eight years in charge of the Winnipeg Telegram. The purchasers consist of the Hamilton Spectator, the Ottawa Citizen, the Calgary Herald and the Edmonton Journal.

Only Farmer Candidate

At the annual meeting of the United Farmers of Alberta, held at Wetaskiwin, it was decided to limit candidates for provincial and federal honors to members of the organization.

Dentists Meet

The Saskatchewan Dental Association held its annual meeting at Regina last week.

Drowned at Moose Jaw

A man was drowned at River Park, Moose Jaw, last Sunday. He tried to step from a canoe into a cowboat, lost his balance and fell into the stream. The body was recovered some hours later.

Population of United States

A. H. Hill, chief statistician of the census bureau of the United States, estimates the population of that country at 105,000,000.

Jewell Robbery

\$15,000 worth of jewellery was stolen from the home of E. F. Hutchings of Winnipeg the other day. The thief entered the house by a basement window in broad daylight, and while packing up the jewels was surprised by a constable. The robber bolted through the back door, leapt over a hedge and gained the woods. The constable followed but not being so athletic as the burglar, failed to take the hedge and got himself tangled up in some barbed wire concealed there. The thief dropped several valuable articles as he ran, but the spoils included one yellow diamond valued at \$5,000, besides several pieces of jewelry and a collection of rare old coins. The owners of the house are at present in Alaska on a holiday.

Prince Albert Rents

It was stated that the rents for selling houses in the city of Prince Albert, Sask., are about the most reasonable of any considerable city in the Dominion of Canada today.

Anxious to Settle in Canada

There are at present a number of Russians who have escaped from their own country and being enemies of the Soviet movement domiciled in the city of London where they are being supervised by the authorities. It is understood that they are desirous of emigrating to Western Canada and overtures have been made by the British government to the Canadian government to accept them as settlers. They do not understand English and have their own customs and habits. It is understood that the Canadian government have not accepted the proposition with any degree of enthusiasm in view of previous experiences with communities of people of foreign origin.

Not Wanted

It is understood that King George has let it be distinctly known that American ladies who have been divorced from their husbands are not persons graced at courts. This action is taken in deference to the wishes of Queen Mary who is known to be strongly opposed to divorce.

High Priced Farm Lands

Farm land values in the Regina plains are constantly increasing. One day last week a section and three-quarters of land was sold in the Pense district for the price of one hundred dollars per acre. It amounted to one hundred and twelve thousand dollars, including the growing crop.

Regina Man Drowned

A former soldier named Collins was drowned at Prince Albert last Saturday while bathing in the Saskatchewan river. He ventured out into the swift current and was swept into deep water where he sank.

Manitoba Flax Fibre

Flax fibre grown and manufactured in Manitoba, has been selling for eighteen hundred dollars per ton on the Belgian market. The flax in question was grown on the farm of the Netherlands Canadian Flax Company at Beauséjour.

High Fives in Calgary

Upon the recommendation of the municipal commission, it is understood that cash fines on the Calgary municipal street railway will be raised from five to ten cents.

Cruelty to Pigs

A farmer named G. Smith of Southmore, Alta., was recently fined ten dollars and costs on a charge of cruelty to a bunch of pigs. It seems that Smith was driving a bunch of pigs from the stockyards to the slaughter house, and he had some difficulty in making them turn in the desired direction. He accordingly tied them together with ropes and then attached them to the end of his car and dragged them over the ground at the rate of about ten miles an hour. The pigs were said to have made an awful noise during this course of treatment.

In Japan

A gigantic world Sunday school convention will take place in Tokyo, Japan, on October 5 to 15 inclusive, of this year.

Winnipeg Robbery

Last week fifteen thousand dollars worth of jewelry was stolen from the home of Mrs. Hutchings in Winnipeg. Mr. Hutchings is a well known and wealthy manufacturer. He is president of the Great West Saddlery Company. Suspicion has fallen on a negro who is hanging around the premises.

The Ravages of Consumption

A statement was made at a session of the Canadian Public Health Association convention at Vancouver that forty-three thousand Canadians are being annually killed by the scourge of tuberculosis.

Wheat Certificates

Speaking in the House of Commons a few days ago Sir George Foster stated that wheat certificates were worth at least 40c per bushel. He was of the opinion that some of these wheat certificates would be redeemed within the month of July and all during the present year.

Fighting Grasshoppers

The Manitoba government are fighting grasshoppers in the Deloraine district with flame throwers.

Livestock Men Meet

A two days' "get together" gathering was held in Winnipeg recently for one hundred and twenty-five representative livestock men from Eastern and Western Canada. The meeting was more of a holiday affair than a business gathering, but steps were taken during the conference to form national livestock exchange similar to the one in the United States.

Mounted Policemen Drowned

Sergeant Alex. Bryce of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and a war veteran, was drowned in the Little Saskatchewan river, recently at Brandon while bathing.

Corporal Wins Commission

A commission in the Mounted Police was one of the prizes at the Kingston Military College this year. Corporal M. M. Sinclair, of Peace River, won the coveted honor.

When Does a Girl Grow Up

The rules of Atlantic City beach require women bathing to wear stock caps, but young girls may go with legs uncovered. The censors are enquiring just when a girl grows up.

Earthquake Shock

At 6:47 p.m. Los Angeles experienced an earthquake shock, which shook the city, and several buildings were reported to have been damaged. Drifts falling from a building on Sixth Street and Grand Avenue injured a pedestrian. Office buildings were severely shaken. The shock was felt in Long Beach, San Pedro, Santa Monica and Redondo Beach.

Girl Stopped on Her Way to Join Married Man

A Winnipeg girl named Annie Lonsay, was en route recently to join her husband, who was a salesman in Vancouver, when she was detained by the provincial police and her ticket cancelled. This was owing to the fact that Henderson has a wife and three children in Minneapolis, although he had wired Miss Lonsay to come to him in Vancouver. The Vancouver police stated that Henderson admitted having a wife, but stated he was procuring a divorce, and wished the girl to come to Vancouver and work until he could obtain it. The police are getting into communication with Mrs. Henderson and if it is discovered that her husband is not supporting her, the girl will be taken to have Henderson supported. In the meantime, Annie Lonsay is being held in Winnipeg.

Baby Lost in the Bush

A little fellow aged two years disappeared some days ago at 5 p.m. and was not discovered until the next day. His father, A. Hevins, of Timmoun Mountain, organized a search party of about 200 neighbors. They tramped through the bush all night without success, and the next day the police found the child at the farm of a Belgian, T. Schoonheert. He had been wandering in the open for twenty-four hours and had suffered no evil effects from his adventure.

Shot Himself

Maynard Smith, a young man tired of life and troubles, took matters into his own hands June 27 on the farm of John McKelvie, near Weyburn, and blew his brains out with a shotgun.

Reciprocity with West Indies

Canadian trade will be supported, benefited by the negotiations recently concluded at Ottawa between Canada and West Indian islands. The final report of the conference will not be made public till Aug. 4, but it is understood that Canada will absorb all the sugar produced by these islands. Bannan now bought through New York exchanges will be imported direct at a much cheaper rate, while a new market will be opened for Canadian flour and other products for which purpose a reciprocity agreement was signed by the representatives of all the islands concerned on Aug. 4. At present Jamaica and several other islands are unable to avail themselves of the preferential tariff owing to trade agreements now in force with the United States, but it is not expected that these agreements will be renewed.

Massachusetts Once More a Kingdom

Massachusetts will be converted into a kingdom in four years according to well informed circles, at which time the British garrison will be withdrawn. According to the same authorities the expenses of occupation will reach \$200,000,000 yearly.

Hold-up by Bandits

Five employees of the Great North-western State Bank were held up a few days ago in St. Paul by bandits who escaped in an automobile with \$5,000 in cash. \$2,000 in Liberty bonds and half a million dollars worth of miscellaneous securities. An employee of the bank, named Victor Herman, was in the vault when the bandits entered. As he stepped out he was shot above the heart and is in a critical condition.

Willow Bunch Lad Charged With Murder

Patrice Caplette, of Willow Bunch, who is charged with manslaughter in connection with the death of a man named Laroque, secured an order for bail a few days ago from Mr. Justice McKay at Regina. Caplette took a personal recognition for \$4,000 and supplied two sureties of \$2,000 each. Caplette was arrested following the death of Laroque in the Canadian hospital at Regina three months after he had been shot during a party at Willow Bunch. Laroque claims that the gun he brandished during the party fell from his hand and when it hit the floor discharged the bullet entering Laroque's mouth and lodging near the spine at the back of the neck. The bullet was removed, but Laroque failed to make any progress and died after three months' suffering in the hospital. Caplette will come up for trial at the fall assizes in Weyburn.

Grossness Find

A farmer who was driving into town found the body of Ludwig Muller, a ditch near the village of Stoughton. The discovery was reported to the provincial police who shortly arrived with the coroner. After examination the coroner ordered the body removed to Stoughton. No marks of violence were found and it is thought the man died of heart failure.

Canadian Vets in United States

The first national convention of British Great War Veterans of America, Inc., is to take place at the Hotel Commodore, New York, during the last week in June. It is stated that the New York command alone has a membership of more than six hundred, while many other cities and towns in the United States have large and flourishing branches. The Chicago command ranks second to that of New York.

Thirty Days in Jail

Carl Pfeiffer, who attempted suicide about two weeks ago at Neudorf over a love affair, pleaded guilty to the charge before Judge Hannon at Regina recently and was sentenced to thirty days in Regina jail. Judge Hannon took occasion to remark that accused was fortunate in having escaped only death which he had planned. But also marriage with the young lady, for had he succeeded in getting married, he would have been liable to seven years for bigamy.

Many Harvesters Needed

It was stated recently by J. A. Bowman, provincial commissioner of colonization, that fifty thousand farm laborers will be required to harvest the 1920 crop of the prairie provinces. In the early part of July railway officials and members of the immigration and colonization will meet to discuss plans for the importation of these laborers.

Hospital of Cure for Cancer

Thirty-five patients, who have been suffering from cancer in an advanced stage, have recently been treated with the serum discovered by Dr. T. J. Glover of Toronto, and it is stated that the serum is already showing remarkable results, all the patients in question are free from the dreadful agony they have been enduring and some of them are making plans for the future.

Doctor Fined for Making False Income Returns

Coroner W. B. Hopkins, well known Hamilton physician, was fined \$3,000 recently for attempting to evade the federal income tax. The department doubted his return and put an inspector on his books. The evidence showed a return in 1917 of \$1,000, while receipts were \$8,059; \$4,000 in 1918 with actual receipts of \$13,600, and \$3,000 last year and receipts of \$1,000. It was said that nearly \$10,000 of last year's profits came from liquor prescriptions.

Rescued by the Pope

Sean O'Connell, diplomatic delegate extraordinary of the government of the Irish "republic" was rescued in private audience recently by Pope Benedict. It was authoritatively stated that O'Connell was received by the pontiff only in his private capacity. O'Connell approved this statement, saying he had no wish to embarrass the Vatican.

A Childish Bandit

At the request of his parents, the mayor and parish priests of Buckingham, a little lad, with meekness vainly all over his face, has just been sentenced by Magistrate Miller in Hull police court to two years in the reformatory. He has fairly terrorized the town of Buckingham for the last month by his daring robberies. Following the highway robbery of two women who were driving in a buggy, the youth was arrested by Chief Constable Keenan after a two days' chase in the open.

Year in Jail for Stealing Automobile

Albert Garrett, of Saskatoon, was recently sentenced to one year in jail for stealing an automobile last month ago. Garrett commenced to weep when he heard the sentence and asked for another chance. He stated that he had been in debt and stole and sold car in order to get money for his marriage.

A Sad Casualty

A pathetic case is reported arising out of the fighting in Londonbury. A man named Patrick Plunkett, who had been through some of the heavy fighting and who believed most of it was over had just gone to the telephone station to send a wire to his wife informing her of his safety. As he turned away from the office he was shot by a sniper. He was one of the best known cricketers in Ireland.

New Estates Chief

Estes Snodgrass, Portland, Ore., was elected president of the International Association of Rotary Clubs at its closing session a short time ago.

Peace in Ulster

Peace has again started in Londonbury after the week of civil war, in which they have been engaged. It is said that a peace conference is now in session which is being attended by Protestant and Catholic bishops, magistrates and Irish under secretary.

Protection for Ulster Unionists

The committee of the Ulster Unionist council has decided to call on the government for protection of the lives and property of loyal inhabitants of the province with the forces of the crown. Should this protection not be forthcoming the committee decided to utilize the service of the Ulster loyalists.

Reunion of Kaiser and Sons

The former German Crown Prince and Prince Joachim arrived at Dour recently where they are to spend several days visiting the Kaiser.

Jewish Homelands

The three leading principles in the school program of the Zionist movement are: the Jewish homeland in Palestine; the Jewish homeland in the Diaspora; and a co-operation of commonwealth; and equal rights for all.

Millers Buy

The Canadian wheat board has ordered 250,000 barrels of flour at the Standard price. This order, together with the local trade which is reported very good, will keep the military buy for some time. Every flour mill in Manitoba and Saskatchewan will be affected.

A Black Bear Stops Business

In the town of Burnaby recently, a black bear appeared in the main highway and coolly roamed around for grub worms. Delivery trucks and cars had to halt while drivers made a leisurely dinner and then wandered back into the woods.

Cow Runs One Hundred Miles

As the result of a wager between Harvey Kilbourn of the University farm school, Everett, Waver, editor of the Farm Journal, Waver having bet that he could run a cow one hundred miles in five days, F. W. Ray fired a gun, and Molly, prize cow of the University farm school, Davis, Cal., started on her race. She finished the hundred miles in less than five days.

Tragedy at Valenciennes

A terrible tragedy occurred in the town of Valenciennes in France not long ago. The wife of a soldier, who had been through some of the heavy fighting and who believed most of it was over had just gone to the telephone station to send a wire to his wife informing her of his safety. As he turned away from the office he was shot by a sniper. He was one of the best known cricketers in Ireland.

Boards of Trade Meeting

A conference of the board of trade in the Prince Albert Victory Loan drive is to be held in Prince Albert during the next part of next week. The board of trade bringing the largest number of delegates to the longest distance is to receive a prize from the Prince Albert board. The object of the conference is to discuss topics of interest to Saskatchewan in view of the forthcoming convention of the boards of trade which will probably be held in Regina on July 15.

Damages from Saskatoon City

Suit was brought against the city of Saskatoon by the National Trust Company, executors of the estate of C. A. Smith, who was killed in a street car accident on the traffic bridge on December 1919, and judgment was awarded the Trust Company for \$11,000. The jury found that the motorist, who was driving on the street, had gone to warn Smith, that it was travelling at a speed greater than the limit, and that the accident could have been avoided had he used proper care in taking his car across.

Disatisfied with Salaries

As they were dissatisfied with salaries and other conditions, the entire staff of St. Mary's Convent, Collegiate Institute, have submitted their resignations and the board of education is advertising for a new staff.

Swallowed Glass in His Soup

A New York restaurant is being sued for \$50,000 because one of its diners swallowed a piece of glass in his soup.

Much Travelled

A much travelled commercial traveler in New York estimated recently that he had in the course of his career slept in 8,000 different beds.

Jams and Jellies Going Up

It is expected that there is to be a forty per cent. increase in the price of jams and jellies as a result of the increase in the price of sugar.

Admiral Kingsmill Retires

Admiral Sir Charles Kingsmill, who has been fifty years in the naval service, is retiring this week. His last appearance in uniform was when he opened the first naval veterans club in Toronto a few days ago.

Another Door Shut

Last week there were persistent rumors that the ex-Kaiser would make an attempt to escape from Holland by means of airplane. The Dutch government, however, stated that the chance of that no airplanes are to be allowed to depart from the residence of the former despot.

Prince Very Popular

The Prince of Wales has achieved great popularity by his visit to the papers fill pages with accounts of his doings and crowds line the sidewalks to see him. The chance of seeing him and cheering him. At the Randwick race course he rode several well known horses over the top and then lunched with a party of returned soldiers.

Giving Jack the Consolation of Free Speech.

Drawn by C. D. BATCHELOR



TALES OF OUR OWN COUNTRY

SOME CHRONICLES OF THE DAYS OF THE WAR PARTY AND THE BUFFALO
STORIES TOLD AROUND THE FIRES OF THE
HUNTING CAMPS OF BYGONE TIMES

The R.N.W.M.P. and the Halfbreed Rebellion of 1885

The Commencement of the Trouble—Gabriel Dumont and Louis Riel—The Wonderful March from Regina Through the Snow to Relieve Crozier at Carlton.

THE FIRING OF THE FIRST SHOTS AT DUCK LAKE

(Continued from last week)

There was discontent on the Saskatchewan in 1884. Trouble was brewing with the population of mixed Indian and white blood, particularly those of French Canadian origin.

To understand the situation one must go back to the first Riel rebellion of 1869 and 1870. Since the coming of the Montreal traders in the North West, the half-breed population of the country had been constantly increasing.

In the early days of the nineteenth century when the North West Company was in all its glory, the Metis, as they called themselves, were rapidly becoming a strong element. The North West Company, which was officered almost entirely by Highland Scotchmen and French Canadians of gentle lineage, had in its employment almost all the male half-breed population of the country. A good deal of deference was paid to them, and they had regularly recognized rights, which were always respected, and they were extremely intelligent.

The Metis

These children, born of native mothers and white fathers, inherited characteristics from both races. According to their paternal ancestry, they had either the vivacity and courteousness of the French, or the judgment and carefulness of the Scotch, joined to the austere dignity and keen intellects of their Indian forbears. They were not in any sense an inferior race and as the years went on, their numbers increased amazingly.

At the time of the transfer of the great territory then known as Rupert's Land to Canada, and the ending of the authority of the Hudson's Bay Company, with which the other trading concerns had amalgamated years before, no provision was made for the Metis who considered themselves joint inheritors with the Indians of the great region which stretched west of the Red River to the Rocky Mountains. They felt that they were the natives of the country, they ought to have been consulted. They spoke of their "nation," and the provisional government of Louis Riel at Fort Garry was the first fruits of their agitation.

Promises

The arrival of the Wolseley expedition, of course, put an end to that movement, but the government of Canada promised that special consideration should be given to the Metis population of the country. When the treaties were made with the Indians at Fort Qu'Appelle in 1874, and a little later at Carlton, the chiefs who conducted the negotiations, with a very fine magnanimity, pleaded for justice and consideration for their "half brothers" as they picturesquely called the Metis, and again promises were made, which for a long time remained unfulfilled.

With the arrival of the railway at Red River, the disappearance of the buffalo of the plains, many half-breed families found little settlements in favored locations. There were a number of such settlements along the Saskatchewan river in what we now know as the province of Saskatchewan in the vicinity of Duck Lake, Prince Albert and old Fort Carlton. In

southern Saskatchewan, there was also a large settlement of old buffalo hunters, in the Wood Mountain and Willow Bunch districts, but being so far isolated from their kin in the north, the latter were not a factor in the agitations which ensued.

The Grievances

Most of the half breed families had taken up their claims fronting the Saskatchewan river, and in so doing, followed the practice which obtained along the Red River in Manitoba. They attached a sentimental value to these river claims. It was a survival from the days when the bosom of the river was the highway of the country. In '83 and '84, Dominion government surveyors began to survey the land in the North West. They followed the township plan which has since become so well known in Western Canada, and in running their lines they paid no attention to the holdings of the Metis population. To the uneducated minds of many of the half-breeds it seemed as if their holdings were to be taken away from them, and dissatisfaction and unrest began spreading among them. The government had promised them land grants as compensation for the alienation of their birthright and no action had been taken. They felt this was their own country; their native land from which they were to be ousted.

Louis Riel

At this time they lacked a leader. Gabriel Dumont, a famous plainsman and hunter was looked up to by many of them, but he did not possess the necessary education or knowledge to take the lead in a constitutional agitation.

Accordingly, at a meeting held by the half-breeds at one of the Saskatchewan settlements, St. Laurent, it was decided to send to Montana for Louis Riel, where he had been exiling out a precarious living by teaching school. Riel was brought to Saskatchewan and held a series of meetings at which at that time he only urged constitutional agitation for the rights of the Metis.

A Fatuous Policy

With a fatuity that now seems almost incredible, the government at Ottawa continued to ignore the situation which had arisen on the banks of the Saskatchewan.

It is worthy of note that most of the Scotch half-breeds in the Saskatchewan country, while expressing dissatisfaction at the delay, refused to join the agitators.

During the fall of 1884, things in the north country were going from bad to worse. A man named Jackson made a very violent and inflammatory speech, in which he challenged the authority of the government of Canada in the North-West Territories.

He said the country belonged to the Indians and the half-breeds were joint inheritors with them. The natives were in a belligerent mood and it seemed as if trouble were brewing.

Trouble Brewing

The N. W. M. P. were fully aware of the condition and representations were made to Ottawa that something would have to be done to allay the unrest. As early as July, 1884, Major Crozier, in command in North Saskatchewan, reported that agitators were busy and there was a strong feeling among the half-breeds that they were not receiving justice from Ottawa. That the police were aware of the situation is shown by the fact that the northern division was increased by 200 men and an important post established at Fort Carlton on the Sas-

katchewan river, between Prince Albert and Duck Lake. Superintendent Gagnon, an old time officer of the force, had been placed in command at Carlton, and was persona grata to the half-breeds, as he was a French Canadian and had a thorough knowledge of the French language. On Christmas Eve, 1884, he reported that the half-breeds of St. Laurent and Batoche had held a very big meeting which had adopted a petition to be forwarded to Ottawa. It seemed that their chief grievance was that the government would not sanction the manner in which they had taken up their homesteads, which was ten chains wide on the river bank, which was the practice which had been adopted in Manitoba. They had laid out their lots so that everyone should have a river frontage. At that meeting they arranged to present Louis Riel with a house and a purse of money. In January Riel declared his intention of leaving the country as the government would not recognize him as a British subject. A great mass meeting of all the half-breeds was held at Batoche at which he was requested to remain. He consented. Early in March it was apparent to Major Crozier, in command of the northern district, that the outbreak of hostilities could not long be delayed. He established himself strongly at Carlton, wired to Regina that a rebellion might break out at any minute, and was in urgent need of reinforcements.

Powerful Antagonists

The situation which confronted Colonel Irvine, commissioner at Regina, was a difficult one. There was not the slightest doubt in the world that the half-breeds were making arrangements to place a formidable force in the field. They were no mean antagonists. They were of the old breed of the prairie hunters, familiar with the use of weapons and excellent horsemen. In years gone by they had inflicted many defeats upon the formidable Sioux and were first class fighting men. Besides they had a knowledge of the country possessed by no others. Furthermore, there was little doubt that in the event of a half-breed outbreak, some of the Indians would leave their reserves and join them. Big Bear at Fort Pitt had always been troublesome, and he had a great many Indians under his command. The police were also apprehensive of Poundmaker and the Battleford Stonys. The Blackfeet in Alberta were reported to be in a state of unrest, and should the Indians of Qu'Appelle, Crooked Lakes and Touchwood district join their brothers in arms, every town and settlement in the prairie country would be in danger of enduring the horrors of an Indian war.

A Wonderful March

To deal with this situation Colonel Irvine, commissioner of the N.W.M.P., had something less than 1,000 men under his command and they were stationed at widely scattered intervals throughout an immense territory. Ottawa was at length aroused, but it would take some time before troops could be mobilized, and in the meantime he had to deal with the situation with the best means at his command.

The urgent need of the moment, however, was for reinforcements to be sent to Major Crozier at Carlton, for it was there that the rebellion was brewing.

There was at that time no lines of railway north of the main line of the C.P.R. There had been a heavy fall of snow and although the weather was beginning to become milder it was almost an impossible task to break a trail through to the North Saskatchewan. Nevertheless Colonel Irvine not only undertook the task but accomplished it, and made one of the most remarkable forced marches in the history of military operations.

On March 18, he left Regina with four officers, 86 non-commissioned officers and men and 66 horses. The first day's march brought them to the Qu'Appelle Valley, and the following morning they were in Fort Qu'Appelle where a slight delay occurred in securing some additional horses and sleighs. The little force struck north across the Salt Plains, following the old mail trail. The travelling was extremely difficult and the crushed

WHEAT MONEY AVAILABLE FOR FARMERS

An Ottawa despatch says: Farmers will receive fifty per cent. of the excess due to them on Canada Wheat Board certificates after July 1. Definite announcement has been made that this excess on the original wheat price will be at least forty cents per bushel.

Just before the bill to empower the government to extend the Canadian Wheat Board until August, 1921, was passed by the house of commons, Sir George Foster stated that the Wheat Board would pay fifty per cent. of the amount due farmers out of the profits made by the Wheat Board on or after July 15.

Interviewed by the Canadian Press regarding the exact effect of the announcement, Sir George stated that the exact price of last season's wheat crop could not be decided. Several million bushels remained to be disposed of by the board, but meantime the board would be able to make a fifty per cent. payment to wheat growers and this would be not less than twenty cents per bushel. The balance would be payable when the marketing of last season's crop was completed, and not later than the end of the present year.

After a while they were reckoned to be good farmers. The man, after the manner of the British, was quiet and reserved and did not mix much with his neighbors. His wife seemed bound up in her family and the young people, although active and aggressive, did not foregather with us in our winter dances or summer picnics. Soon the boys had farms of their own. There were only two girls, and I am not sure what became of them. I think they went back to some relatives in the Old Country.

A Narrow Escape

At Humboldt they met Hayter Reid, who was then Indian Commissioner. He had been on the reserves using his utmost influence to persuade the Indians from joining the standard of Louis Riel and his half-breeds. Shortly before making a junction with the police he had been pursued by mounted half-breeds, and narrowly escaped falling into their hands.

Colonel Irvine received a telegram, which had come by government wire at Humboldt, from Major Crozier, which informed him that 400 half-breeds, fully armed and equipped, had assembled at Batoche's Crossing of the Saskatchewan, to prevent him from making a junction with Major Crozier at Carlton. The mail station at Hoods had been looted by rebels and everything in the shape of provisions had been taken off. The driver of the stage had been made prisoner and his horses commandeered.

Colonel Irvine wisely did not attempt to force a battle with the rebels at Batoche, but pushed on to Prince Albert. The police reached Prince Albert on the 24th of March, having made the march under almost impossible conditions in the extraordinary time of seven days.

Colonel Irvine found the citizens of Prince Albert in a great state of excitement. Rumors were flying around everywhere; the Indians were said to have left the reserves; and considerable looting had already taken place. A few days later Colonel Irvine led a little force to Carlton and arrived in time to meet Major Crozier who, after making an attempt to occupy Duck Lake had been driven back by a superior force of rebels after sustaining several casualties. All conjectures were now at an end. This was war!

Up to this point the little force had been in the Salt Plains, following the old mail trail. The travelling was extremely difficult and the crushed

Or Three

"Have you got a price list?" "Not a recent one, madam, but I can give you an old one, and all you have to do is to multiply everything by two."

Intimate Little Tales

SOME EXPERIENCES OF HUMAN INTEREST UNDERGONE IN EVERY-DAY LIFE BY EVERY-DAY PEOPLE

THE HUNGER FOR THE SEA — A SIMPLE STORY OF AN OCEAN BRED MAN, LIVING A CANADIAN LIFE—VICTORIA AND ITS SHIPPING — THE CLALLAM WRECK

In the first days of our settlement a man came to our valley with his wife. They were already in middle age and unaccustomed to the austere life of pioneer life. They had a growing family of young boys and girls and they set themselves to work with vigor to develop the farm. The father was unhandy at the tasks, that were so familiar to our people. An axe to him was a strange implement, and his first plowing was zig zag and queer. He had, however, a good seat in the saddle. Most of our people rode horseback in those days, and he could handle both shot gun and rifle very much better than our western farmers.

I think this family had a hard time for a few years while the boys and girls were growing up. They did not know how to do the little western things that make people comfortable on the prairie. They were very willing, however, and gradually got ahead.

After a while they were reckoned to be good farmers. The man, after the manner of the British, was quiet and reserved and did not mix much with his neighbors. His wife seemed bound up in her family and the young people, although active and aggressive, did not foregather with us in our winter dances or summer picnics. Soon the boys had farms of their own. There were only two girls, and I am not sure what became of them. I think they went back to some relatives in the Old Country.

The name of the family was Howard, and it was whispered sometimes that they had high connections in the Old Country, although more unassuming people never lived. The farm of the Howards prospered and the father and mother began to get on in years. Then, one day Mrs. Howard died. After that her husband retired more and more into himself.

He had a housekeeper and was comfortable. People wondered at his solitary life. He aged rapidly and the neighbors said he was grieving for his wife.

The Longing for the Sea

I think he mourned her very sincerely, but there was something else stirring in his blood. He was a sea-bred man and had been nurtured beside the sounding surges of the north Atlantic.

He still rode, and early morning would see him mounted on his upstanding Irish hunter and exploring the table lands of the prairie. He always seemed to wish to know what lay beyond the skyline. I think at that time he hungered for the ocean and he felt as if the glimmer of blue waters must lie beyond the horizon.

Failing

One winter he failed noticeably. He was not old yet and his spare, active frame seemed well fitted for a vigorous old age. He became subject to little maladies like colds and rheumatism and he hardly ever spoke to the housekeeper, who ministered to his comfort. One day one of his sons, who had a fine place about twenty miles away, hearing of his indisposition, came to see him and found him not in bed, but suffering tortures from sciatica. He brought a doctor from town who afforded him relief from pain, but the old man seemed listless and with no object in life. His son set himself to study his complaint and stayed with him for a while.

The Sound of the Sea

One fall night they were sitting quietly before the wide open fire place which, contrary to our prairie custom, had been built in the house. The equinoctial winds were booming through the eaves, and after a long interval of silence

the old man said, "I can almost hear the sea upon the rocks through that gale."

The son asked him some questions and came to the conclusion that he was craving his heart out with hunger for his native ocean. He thought he knew the remedy.

He went away and a few days afterwards returned and told his father he was contemplating a trip to the Pacific coast and asking him to go with him. For some reason or other it had never occurred to Mr. Howard that he had the means within his hand to reach the sea he craved for. He had been so long established in the prairie country that it had not occurred to him to uproot himself. Their tickets to Victoria were taken and they started on their journey.

The Saviour of the Sea

The old man was still listless, the grandeur of the Rockies failed to impress him; the awe-inspiring peaks and stupendous mountains evoked no more than a passing glance, but as they were coming down the valley of the Fraser and the country green alongside them, he suddenly sprang up, threw open the window and exclaimed delightedly, "I smell the salt of the sea."

It was true, the train was coming into the Fraser Flats and the tang of the salt was in the air. It was night when they reached Vancouver, but the old man was up at daylight and down to the wharfs.

A great sailing ship was unloading its cargo. His eyes caressed lovingly the towering fabric of her masts and running gear. Her hull port was Hull, and in fancy he made the long voyage with her. He knew how she had taken the far reach, almost to the realms of the Antarctic ice when she was running down her Easting off Cape Horn. He visualized the day by day run through the Pacific, with the watch at their appointed stations on deck and below; the man at the wheel, and the officer in his peak cap and brass buttons maintaining his ceaseless walk across the poop, pausing at each turn to spit to leeward, with a weather eye alert to see that the sails were full.

When he came to breakfast at the hotel there was new life in him and the trip across to Victoria in the course of the afternoon was one continuous delight.

In Victoria

In those days it was easy to get furnished bungalows in Victoria, and they took a small but comfortably furnished one overlooking Beacon Hill where the old man seemed to revive with every breath of the sea air.

He haunted the headlands around the Beach Drive and watched each ship come in, and everything was full of interest. There were the white China liners; the black bulk of the big Australian boats; the C.P.R. greyhounds of the local passenger trade; and every once in a while a full rigged with her

Tiering canvass in sheeted silver spread; And the long drawn thunder 'neath her leaping figure-head."

sailed majestically around the Race Rocks and came to anchor in the Royal Roads. Once in a while too, a cruiser would come galloping up the straits with the smoke pouring from her funnels and the foam standing from her cut water.

They were all familiar scenes to Mr. Howard and he gloried in them.

Up by Point Ellice Bridge was the wharf of a sealing company, and there the Nova Scotia fore and aft schooners were moored during the interval of their harborage. I think these trim little vessels appealed to him. They were fresh from the Smoky Sea with their rigging, encrusted with the salt of the driven spray; and each day some schooner or other came and went.

NOTED CANADIAN DEAD

Sir Adolphe Routhier, judge of the vice-admiralty court, a noted jurist and author of "O Canada," died last Monday at his home at St. Irene Les Bains, in the city of Quebec. Sir Adolphe Routhier was 81 years of age having been born at St. Placide, Quebec, May 8, 1839. He studied law at Laval university, was called to the Quebec bar in 1861 and became a K.C. in 1873. He was appointed puisne judge of the superior court in 1872 and chief justice in 1904, resigning in 1906, but remaining a member of the admiralty court. He was a noted writer on Biblical matters. The late Sir Adolphe twice declined the lieutenant governorship of the northwest territories in 1897. He was president of the Royal Society of Canada in 1915. He received knighthood from King George at the coronation in 1911, and was created by the pope a Knight Grand Cross of the Order of St. Gregory the Great. He married in 1862, Miss Marie Mondelet, daughter of J. C. Mondelet, of Montreal. The late judge is survived by two daughters and one son.

At this time Mr. Howard was enjoying every breath of life to the utmost.

The time came for his son to go home. It was arranged that the old man should remain in Victoria; indeed wild horses would hardly have dragged him away from the sea. His son, however, visited Seattle before returning to the prairie and he persuaded his father to accompany him.

The Clallam Disaster

Most of you will have heard of the Clallam disaster. She was a jerry built vessel, hurriedly knocked together to ply in the Victoria and Seattle trade.

The son departed for the east by train from Seattle and the father, feeling very lonely, booked passage in the Clallam to return to Victoria. A gale of wind was blowing and off Trial Island the tide making against the wind, kicked up a nasty sea. The timbers of the cheaply constructed vessel started to draw; the engine room was flooded, and she was left at the mercy of winds and waves. The captain ordered all the passengers into the boats and attempted to launch them. The crew, who were mostly dock rats of the Seattle water fronts, knew nothing of boat handling, and in sight of Victoria almost all the passengers were drowned.

Mr. Howard's body was found the following day by searchers. I think he was happy in his death.

J. M. Hamilton

Gaby Dady's Jewels

Gaby Dady, the well known dancer and actress, by the terms of her will bequeathed her jewels to the poor of Montreal. Recently an auction sale of these jewels was held, and the amount realized was 2,393,900 francs, or \$15,195.

RESULT OF MANITOBA ELECTIONS

The Manitoba provincial elections came off on Tuesday of last week. The campaign had been a very quiet one and there was not a great deal of interest taken in the contest. There were a number of groups in the struggle and although the supporters of Premier Norris are the strongest numerically, it is doubtful if they can control the House. The following is the standing of the respective groups:

- Government (Liberals) has 17 seats.
- Farmers have 9 seats.
- Labor has 7 seats.
- Conservatives, 6 seats.
- Independents, 4 seats.
- Deferred elections, 2.
- Winnipeg results not known.

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 14th, 1920

CANADA'S NEW PREMIER

Sir Robert Borden's retirement as Premier of Canada did not come as a surprise to Canadians. English and American newspapers anticipated his early retirement and while regretting it regarded it as inevitable as the long strain of the war period has told on his health. Americans would welcome him as the Canadian Ambassador to Washington, as he has much sympathy with American institutions despite his opposition to Reciprocity in 1911.

One thing particularly noticeable in connection with the promotion of Hon. Arthur Meighen in the premiership is the almost unanimous approval with which his selection has been noted by the press of the country, regardless of politics. Many Liberal papers while saying unpleasant things about the Unionist party and even about the political work done by Mr. Meighen in connection therewith, agree that he is a worthy deserving man, with a genius for hard work and a reputation for personal probity that few men can claim in public life.

This unanimity of opinion concerning the personality and leadership qualifications of the new leader must be gratifying to him and heartening to the National party of which he has been made the head. It augurs well for the future of the party when the new man in the lead is admitted by friends and foe alike to be in every way superior. If Mr. Meighen lives up to these advance notices there is every probability that he will be premier of Canada for a good many years to come. Should he be that the critics have said of him he is the man the Canadian people have been looking for.

On Saturday Hon. Mr. Meighen took over from Sir Robert Borden. He will be entitled to reasonable time to organize his cabinet and make the changes that may be necessary owing to retirement of certain members who are going out with Sir Robert. It is not anticipated that Mr. Meighen will waste any time on this job. He is essentially a man of action and deploys that may be avoided are likely to annoy him. As soon as he has re-arranged his cabinet to his liking we may expect an announcement from him with respect to policy and the national programme for the future. Until then there will be a cessation of criticism, adverse or favorable. Thus far the new leader so far as public opinion goes, has sized up finely.

WESTERN VIEWS EXHILARATING.

An eastern editor writes of the west under the heading "The Spacious Accident," has follows:

"No one who visits the west can fail to be struck by the greater sense of freedom, of liberation, of spaciousness, as compared with Ontario conditions. Winnipeg is a metropolitan city, with a dignity and atmosphere more suggestive of London and its imperial note than anything in eastern Canada. By contrast, Toronto is a village, Montreal a mere huddle of buildings and Quebec a picturesque memory. Winnipeg is alive, vital magnetic. There is room for everything but little mind-fulness, petty gossip, narrow personal interests, or partisan politics. Ontario must wake up or the drain up on her will be detrimental to her mental development. The progressive elements of the population are attracted westwards, and not altogether for material reasons. Mental environment is of more importance than the older generations have reckoned, and among the factors that aid in the depletion of Ontario this freedom and breadth of view in the west art attuning themselves to the atmosphere and spirit in which they are developing, and there is an expansiveness about their view which is exhilarating. In the west there is evidence that the equation at institutions are of use for the people, and they gain in popularity accordingly."

FARM AND FACTORY

Farmers throughout the Dominion should give enthusiastic support to the Made in Canada campaign. There is a natural economic relationship between agriculture and industry which makes home market developing natural resources, and creating new wealth for the country, will appreciably stimulate national prosperity and ensure profitable and stable markets for all kinds of farm produce. Just as it is an economic truth that hard times in industrial communities produce agricultural depression, so prosperity in manufacturing centres is reflected in rural localities.

With the industrial development of the East there has come increase in population, financial stability, and diversity of occupations. Farmers have realized greatly on urban expansions which have afforded them steady and growing markets for their products. With increasing prices and no long hauls or high rates to add to overhead expenses, truck and garden farming have flourished. Fruit lands have acquired a new centralization policy of large manufacturing industries and the value and their cultivation has been richly rewarded. As cities have grown into great national industrial centres, the increasing demand for raw materials has resulted in the establishment of primary processes of manufacture in smaller centres. Such manufacturing activities have given employment to increasing populations. With the growth of the town, the tradesman, the truck gardener, and the farmer have found new markets, and a variety of employment has been provided for all working members of the family, offering remuneration in the seasons.

As eastern districts and provinces have grown wealthier when the fields cannot be cultivated, there has been greater examination into and utilization of natural resources. New settlements, villages and towns have grown up with the development of mining, fishing and lumbering industries. The development of these industries has meant

The Road to Independence



Head Office: Montreal. Established 1864.
 WAINWRIGHT BRANCH. C. H. ROWE, Manager.

millions of new wealth for the country, greater opportunities of employment, increased population. The attraction of cheap power and raw materials have led the manufacturer to erect factories and mills in rural territory thus increasing the industrial activities of the country, and in great centres the de-establishment of smaller plants in rural communities has added further new towns or stimulated the growth of the old ones.

To-day the home market can absorb between 85 and 90 per cent. of the products of the farm. Unless that home market is expanded to meet declines from the war volume of export trade there must be arrested industrial activity and consequent depression in the farmers' best market. But with active domestic trade development, farms and factories will continue to prosper and the industrial history of the East will be repeated in the West. The prairies cannot depend on grain alone, neither can they rely entirely on the products of the soil. If Western farmers will support the home market they will promote manufacturing activity, which will give diversity of occupations offer employment for all members of the family, provide remunerative work for the laborer as for the tiller of the soil, and make the great prairie areas less dependant on the seasons. Town and city growth will be hastened, immigration encouraged, investigation and utilization of natural resources stimulated, agricultural markets improved, and national wealth increased.

CHURCH NOTES

ST. THOMAS' — Anglican
 Sunday next—7th after Trinity
 11 a.m.—Matins
 7.30 p.m.—Evensong
 Note—The Sunday school is closed during the summer holidays.

ST. PATRICK'S (Heath)—
 Sunday next—7th after Trinity
 3 p.m.—Evensong

ST. ANDREW'S PRESBY-TERIAN
 Services as usual next Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m.
 Sunday school closed for the holidays
 Presbyterial Service, Green-shields at 3 p.m.

GRACE METHODIST—
 Services on Sunday next as usual at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m.
 12.15—Sunday school.
 Methodist service at Gilt Edge school on Sunday next at 3 p.m.

MALE BIRDS NOT ESSENTIAL TO PRODUCTION OF EGGS

The presence of male birds in the flock during the summer months is a decidedly detrimental thing to the industry of eggs and poultry producers lose many thousands of dollars annually through the presence of partially incubated and laid eggs in the produce they market. Reports are now being received from all parts of the country of the number partially incubated eggs appearing in current receipts. Producers do not realize that it is unnecessary for a fertile egg to be placed under a broody hen to cause the germ to grow a temperature of seventy degrees is sufficient to start incubation. If the heat is constant the development of the chick will continue, but if it ceases or is intermittent, putrefaction at once sets in and the egg becomes bad. Such eggs have no place or value in shipments, and should they get to the consumer the consumptive demand immediately falls off.

The male bird is not essential to egg production, his usefulness is over when the supply of fertile eggs for the season has been secured. The hens will lay just as many eggs when the male bird has been removed and the eggs will be more suitable for consumption, packing or storing. Further, there is a distinct financial gain to the producer who markets infertile eggs, because the best trade in many cities offers a premium of from one to five cents a dozen for infertile eggs.

Then there is the question of feed. It costs money to feed poultry, and with feed at its present value, the consumption of feed by males kept for no particular purpose is a serious economic waste. The reason for this is that the best prices for live and dressed fowls prevail in the spring and early

summer. During the summer the price decline, and by the early fall when many producers decide to market their male birds, a lower price than prevailed in the spring has to be accepted; the producer thus losing the amount per pound the market has declined, plus the value of the feed consumed by the birds during the summer months. This financial loss takes on a more serious aspect when it is coupled with the amount charged by the wholesalers for the bad and partially incubated eggs that have been marketed.

LEGAL NOTICE

TO
Emanuel Potter Ingham
 formerly of the city of Edmonton in the Province of Alberta:

TAKE NOTICE that an action has been commenced against you in the Supreme Court of Alberta, Judicial District of Edmonton by the Edmonton Mortgage Corporation Limited, by their solicitors Messrs. Hyndman, Milner & Matheson of Edmonton aforesaid, under a certain memorandum of mortgage dated the 29th day of August A. D. 1912, and duly registered in the Land Titles Office for the North Alberta Land Registration District, whereby you mortgaged to the said Edmonton Mortgage Corporation Limited, the following lands, to wit:

Lot numbered One (1) in Block Number Sixteen (16), of the Townsite of Wainwright of record in the Land Titles Office for the North Alberta Land Registration District as Plan Number 6445 V, and Lot Number Four (4) in block number Eight (8), of the Townsite of Wainwright.

to recover payment of the sum of \$274.21 for principal, interest and proper disbursements, together with interest on the said sum at 12% per annum from the 29th day of February, A. D. 1920, and in default sale or foreclosure and possession, and an order for personal payment against you.

AND TAKE NOTICE that you are required to file in my office at the Court House in the City of Edmonton on or before the 1st day of September A. D. 1920, a Statement of Defence or Demand of Notice of proceedings, and to serve a copy thereof upon the Plaintiff's solicitor, and in default of your so doing the Plaintiff may proceed with such action without further notice to you.

This notice is published pursuant to the order of A. Y. Blair, Esq., K. O. Master in Chambers, Edmonton.

Dated at Edmonton, Alberta, this 30th day of June A. D. 1920.

Signed "J. A. ROSS"

A. C. S. C. A., J. D. E.

Approved "A. Y. B."

M. C.

THE Royal George Hotel

When in Edmonton Stop at The Royal George Hotel

OUR RATES ARE VERY MODERATE AND THE SERVICE THE BEST

Royal George Hotel
 Jason Graham, Manager.

Purity Flour

and All Kinds of CHOP, SHORTS, BRAN, CHICKEN FEED Etc., Etc.

at THE WAINWRIGHT FLOUR MILL

BEAUDRY'S

Potatoes, per bushel \$1.75
 Shelled Walnuts, lb. 75c
 Peanuts, lb. 30c
 Jar Rings, doz. 10c
 Bird's Custard Powders, ea. 15c
 Water Glass 25c & 40c

Phone 12

THE MODEL MEAT MARKET

SPECIAL

TO JULY 17th

Burns' Bacon, in piece, lb 55c
 Haddie Fillets, per lb. 25c
 Home rendered Pure Lard—
 5lb pails \$1.00
 10lb pails \$1.75
 20lb pails \$3.50
 20lb pails \$7.00

CHOICE BEEF, PORK & VEAL ALWAYS ON HAND

COOKED MEATS FOR WARM WEATHER

J. W. Stuart, Prop.
 PHONE 33 FOR SERVICE

Now Open the Dining Room

at the **Park Hotel**

under the management of Mrs. M. B. Branson

late of Foam Lake Sask.

Try us once and you'll eat here always.

Sight Neglect May Mean Sight Suicide

Thousands of people, suffering from eyestrain, cheat their eyes by not wearing glasses.

Nature naturally rebels and untold misery follows.

Are you neglectful? If so, we can help you.

ALBERT F. BROWN D.O.
 I will be at

Cork's Jewelry Store

Classified Ads.

\$25 REWARD will be paid by the Vermilion Live Stock Protective Association to the first person giving information to the conviction of any person or persons stealing horses or cattle belonging to any member of the association. C. W. Robinson, Secretary. tfn

LOOK if you have any LAND FOR SALE send full particulars to BOX "J" Wainwright. Satisfactory price and terms on good land will ensure prompt service. Write at once. tf-c

FOR SALE OR TRADE—One Pure-bred Hereford Bull, 20 months' old, quiet and sure; owner has mother and sister; owner has mother and sister and has to change—Apply A. M. Jury, 1½ miles N.W. of Heath. 21-7p

STRAYED to vicinity of Gano Ranch, 7 miles N.W. of Wainwright, in the spring of 1918 Gray Mare, 4 years old, white strip on nose, long mane and tail, weight about 850lbs, no no visible brand, been in my care since Feb. 15, 1920—Apply G. T. Garrod or Jas. Esselmont, brand reader, Wainwright. 7-7p

TO LET—Five-roomed house; Seventh avenue; good chicken house, coal shed and garden—Apply to Box 122, Town. 21-7c

FOR SALE—\$1½ 24-47-11w4. For particulars and terms apply to owner, F. W. Townsend, Kinsella, Alta. 21-7p

FOR SALE—Good Quarter-Section; a snap or will trade for Town property. For particulars apply to Chas. Redwell, shoe repairer, Second ave., Wainwright (near Fire Hall).

TO EXCHANGE—Will Exchange for eight sacks of SEED OATS, Two Lots in Wainwright—Apply at The Star office. 16-6p

STRAYED—One Bay Filly; 2 years old; white strip in face; no visible brands. Information to A. Crago, Edgerton P.O., Alta. 21-7p

PUBLIC NOTICE

POUND NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that one LIGHT BAY STALLION, three white feet, white face branded on left shoulder with lazy wedge, and on left hip with three dots, was impounded in the pound kept by the undersigned on or about 32-45-7w4 on the 10th day of June, 1920.

Given under my hand at Fairban this 24th day of June, 1920.

A. L. DIETRICH, poundkeeper.

Professional Cards

LEGAL

FIELDHOUSE & HUNTER

Barristers
 Solicitors, Notaries, etc., Wainwright, Edgerton, Chauvin. Special attention given to the collection of accounts. Money to Loan.

MAY and McKENZIE

Humphrey P. May, M. A.
 J. A. MacKenzie, L.L.B.
 Barristers and Solicitors
 Money to Loan
 Main Street Wainwright, Alberta

M. G. CARDELL

Barrister — Solicitor
 Notary Public, Commissioner
 Main Street, Wainwright

MEDICAL

H. C. WALLACE, M.D., C.M.

Physician and Surgeon
 Post Graduate of Montreal and Liverpool
 Phones—Office, 55; House, 63
 WAINWRIGHT - - ALTA

DR. C. CARLYLE TATHAM

Post Graduate of Mayo Brothers, Chicago, New York and European Hospitals.

Complete X-ray Laboratory for Examination & Treatment.

PHONES—Office, 1434; House, 123a

205-06-06½ McLeod Building, EDMONTON ALBERTA

DENTAL

DR. H. H. LOCKWOOD

Dentist
 Graduate Northwestern College and University of Chicago. Parlors upstairs next to Washburn's Hardware.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS

J. C. McLEOD

Funeral Directors and Undertakers. Complete stock of funeral supplies. Prompt and careful attention accorded. Second Avenue, Wainwright.



J. C. McLEOD

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Second Avenue, Wainwright.

AUCTION SALE

On the R. WAKEFIELD FARM—N.E. 6-45-6w4

THURSDAY, JULY 22nd, 1920**28 Head Horses & Cattle**

MARE AND COLT, 7 years old
 THREE GELDINGS, 4 years old
 GELDING SADDLE HORSE, 5 years old
 FOUR GELDINGS, 3 years old
 THREE YEAR OLD MARE
 THREE TWO-YEAR OLD COLTS
 THREE YEARLING COLTS
 THREE MILCH COWS
 TWO TWO-YEAR OLD HEIFERS
 THREE YEARLING STEERS
 THREE SPRING CALVES

& Full Line of Machinery, Vehicles, Etc.

The Sale will commence at 1 p. m. sharp.

R. Wakefield
Owner**S. R. Bowerman**
Auctioneer**Storage Battery Talks**
BY A. DUPRE**TO CAR OWNERS**
HOW THE STORAGE BATTERY IS BUILT

In order to do this to advantage and show the relation of each to every other, let us build a battery.

With one hand, take the positive group, a row of dark brown plates, joined at their tops to what is called a post strap; with the other hand, take up the negative group, slate gray in colour, and having one more plate than the positive group. Slide one group into the other, so that a negative plate be exposed on each side; then insert a separator in to each space between the positive and negative plates.

To prevent the separators from working up a small piece of wood called a "Hold Down" is placed between the top of the plates and the post strap. This assembly of groups and separators constitutes an element.

Next, place this element into a hard rubber jar, fill it with electrolyte to half an inch above the plates. Then apply the hard rubber cover, sealing it properly with a special compound to prevent the electrolyte from splashing out.

We now have a cell with a nominal voltage of two volts. In order to make a six volt battery, we must build three cells like the above, and connect them in series, that is join the positive of one cell to the negative of the next one, by means of a link or top connector. This leaves one post in each of the two end cells, one positive, the other negative. To these we fasten the terminal connectors, to which are bolted the two cables through which the current flows to the starter or to the lights, and from the generators to the battery.

For the protection of hard rubber jars, the cells are placed in a strong wood case fitted with lead-coated handles. On all sides of each cell is a packing of wood and sealing compound, to support the jars evenly.

A. Dupre, Wainwright will continue this special article each week. Watch for this, cut this out and save the whole series for your own benefit.

Be RIGHT ON TIME**E. L. CORK**

G.T.P. Watch Inspector

Watchmaker & Jeweler
Main St. Wainwright**NOTICE****SPECIAL MEETING**
WAINWRIGHT AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

A Meeting of All Members of the above society will be held on

Saturday, July 17
at 3.30 p.m. in the Wainwright Hotel, when important business will be discussed.

By order,
J. H. DAWSON
14-7c president

NOTICE**WAINWRIGHT LOCAL****G. W. V. A.**

Notice is hereby given that no meetings of this local will be held until announced later by the secretary.

21-7c By order,
The Secretary.

MEN'S WEAR SALE**You'll Have to Step Lively****If you want to get in on these real Bargains. This means YOU!****DON'T FORGET THIS SALE CLOSES SATURDAY, JULY 17****MEN'S SUITS**

\$35.00 SUITS, for	\$29.50
\$40.00 SUITS, for	\$34.50
\$45.00 SUITS, for	\$38.50
\$50.00 SUITS, for	\$43.50
\$60.00 SUITS, for	\$52.50
\$75.00 SUITS, for	\$65.00

MEN'S FINE SHOES

\$8.50 SHOES, for	\$6.55
\$10.00 SHOES, for	\$8.95
\$11.00 SHOES, for	\$9.50
\$12.00 SHOES, for	\$10.45
\$13.50 SHOES, for	\$11.75

TWEED RAINCOATS

\$30.00 VALUES, for	\$26.50
\$28.50 VALUES, for	\$24.75
\$23.50 VALUES, for	\$19.75

MEN'S WORK SHOES

\$6.00 SHOES, for	\$4.95
\$8.25 SHOES, for	\$7.25
\$10.00 SHOES, for	\$8.75
\$13.25 HIGHTOP SHOES, for	\$11.90

MEN'S PANTS

MENS BEDFORD CORD PANTS REG \$10.00
 VERY SPECIAL **\$8.50**
 ALL OTHER PANTS IN STOCK, CUT AT
 LEAST 10%

MEN'S HATS

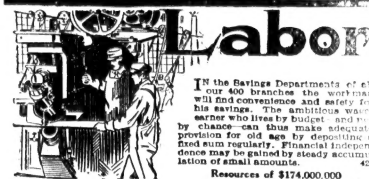
\$5.00 FELT HATS, for	\$4.25
\$6.00 FELT HATS, for	\$4.95
ALL OTHER HATS AT VERY LOW PRICES.	

We have a full line of TRUNKS, SUIT CASES and CLUB BAGS at bargain prices

Every Article in the Store
 Cut at least Ten per cent.

Zinkan & Co
THE STORE MADE FAMOUS FOR QUALITY

SECOND AVE. WAINWRIGHT

**ON BANK OF CANADA**

Wainwright Branch, G. C. Siddall, Manager

CONSIGN YOUR LIVESTOCK TO THE THOS. WILLIAMSON COMMISSION Co.

Livestock Commission Agents

Edmonton Stockyards — EDMONTON, ALTA.

A Safe Firm To Ship To

Phones—Day, 71058; Night, 6106 P.O. Box 908

Reference—Bank of Montreal, Edmonton

Seasonable Goods

WE HAVE A FULL LINE OF

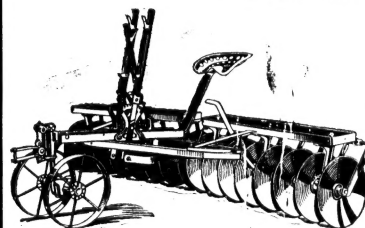
BATHING CAPS

SMART SNAPPY STYLISH

PRICES RANGE FROM

50¢ TO \$2 EACH

Get yours while the range is large

Wainwright Pharmacy*The Rexall Store***McCormick Disc Harrow** PRODUCES THE LARGEST CROP

Get Full Information from—

Bisson & Son

FARM MACHINERY WAINWRIGHT

SPECIAL

Rhubarb 5 lbs. for 25c.
 Dill Pickles per gal. \$1.35
 P. & G. White Soap 8 bars for \$1
 Salada Tea 3 lbs. for \$2.15
 Heintz Spaghetti & Cheese, tins 30c.
 Welch's Grape Juice, 2 bottles for 75c.

Montgomery's Cash Store
THE HOUSE OF SERVICE.

PHONE 18 PHONE 18

AGENTS for McGAVIN'S BUTTER KRUST BREAD

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM
Summer Tourist Fares to Pacific CoastALASKA COAST
Stewart, B.C.
Observatory Inlet
Anchorage, B.C.**THE 700 MILE OCEAN VOYAGE**

through placid seas of the Inside Channel is unsurpassed in America.

Through the Canadian Rockies—Mount Robson Route. Stop over at Jasper Park. Visit Vancouver, Victoria and Seattle.

Grand Trunk Pacific steamships are the finest and fastest in the regular service in the North Pacific Coast trade. For new illustrated literature apply to any agent of the Grand Trunk Pacific, or write to.

W. E. DUPRE, OW,
 General Passenger Agent,
 WINNIPEG, Man.

THE BUFFALO DRAY

Teaming and Draying of All Kinds

TIMOTHY HAY for SALE

Phone 57

W. O. BLINN, Prop.

PALACE BILLIARD HALL

Fine Line of

Tobaccos, Cigars, Cigarettes**ALL KINDS OF ICE-COLD DRINKS****PALACE BILLIARD HALL****& BARBER SHOP**

J. TELFORD

J. BRYANT

PROPS.

2nd AVE. --- WAINWRIGHT

The PERSONAL SIDE

PROMINENT WESTERN CHARACTERS—SOME INTERESTING ANECDOTES OF PEOPLE WE ALL KNOW

MAJOR GEO. B. MURPHY, SHERIFF OF EAST ASSINIBOIA

Mr. George B. Murphy has been for thirty-one years and still is the sheriff of the East Assiniboia Judicial District. There may be some one who has held undisturbed possession of the same public office in the West for as long a period, but the writer is not acquainted with him, and he believes Mr. Murphy to be the senior of all public officials from Manitoba to the Rockies. He is the dean of the official faculty of Western Canada and further, he is a man of whom the West may, not without reason be proud. Ever since the appointment he has resided at Moosomin, the headquarters of his judicial district, and whether as sheriff or citizen, no one has stood or stands today, higher in the esteem of his fellow townsmen.

Sheriff Murphy was born at Kennewick, Ontario, but he was raised in the village of Portage du Fort, Quebec, on the Ottawa River. In 1882, when he was twenty-five years of age he came West with a survey party, headed by Mr. S. L. Brabazon, D.L.S., who belonged to Portage du Fort. After getting through as chairman he went to Qu'Appelle Station on the C.P.R. railway and took up a homestead so that he is one of the pioneer homesteaders of Saskatchewan. He joined the firm of Milliken & Co., as a partner in the hardware and harness business and was so engaged when the half-breed rebellion of 1885 broke out.

Transport Officers in the Rebellion

Farmers left their homesteads in numbers with their ox or horse teams and lumber wagons and placed themselves at the disposal of the authorities. Ox teams were decidedly in the ascendant. The country was well stocked with Indian ponies but draft horses were scarce. Hence we find that a farmer got five dollars a day only for himself, an ox team and wagon, but a man with a decent team of horses got double that amount. G. B. Murphy went to the front with Colonel (now General) Otter, as chief transport officer. He directed the freighting of supplies from Swift Current to Battleford, reporting to the Colonel every evening at seven o'clock, and no division was better served by its transport than Colonel Otter's was under the watchful eye and unceasing vigilance of G. B. Murphy. The story of Mr. Murphy's services would be really a part of the history of the rebellion, and this notice is not the place to refer to them in detail, but one incident may be recorded, for Mr. Murphy was the first man really to receive the submission of the chief Poundmaker, the Indian fighter of the Cut Knife affair.

Poundmaker's Submission

One evening Transport Officer Murphy, to use his own words, was "poking around" the old Hudson's Bay fort at Battleford, when a man came up to him carrying a flag of truce and gave him a paper which proved to be Poundmaker's written surrender. The bearer of the paper and flag was a French priest, who had been one of Poundmaker's prisoners, and Poundmaker had sent him ahead as a messenger with his submission. Poundmaker had a son-in-law, an Englishman named Jefferson, who had married Poundmaker's daughter according to the Indian rite, and the document was in Jefferson's handwriting. Transport Officer Murphy read the document and while the priest stood by with his flag, he told him to take it over to Colonel Otter and showed him where the Colonel's tent was.

Appointed Sheriff

After the rebellion Mr. Murphy continued in business at Qu'Appelle Station—which, by the way, was originally known as Troy—till in 1889 he was appointed Sheriff of East Assiniboia. Although the district was not formed till 1887 he was the third sheriff. Till the Territories were formed into judicial districts under the Supreme Court of Canada, justice was administered by stipendiary magistrates and there was only one sheriff for the whole of the Territories, all the sheriffs being simply his deputies. Now each judicial district has its own sheriff. The first regularly appointed sheriff of East Assiniboia was Charles Marshall of Whitewood, a member of the old North West Council. Mr. Marshall only served some six months when he died, much regretted, of typhoid fever. Mr. Marshall was succeeded by Mr. George Anderson, a Scotchman, who had settled in the Grenfell country. Mr. Anderson soon took a notion to go to Argentina in South America. The country seemed to suit him, and he never came back but remained there where it is reported that he became a regular Don. When it became reported that East Assiniboia had lost its second sheriff for good, the vacancy was filled by the appointment of Mr. G. B. Murphy who, as before stated, has held the position ever since. At that time the only railroad in the district, and it may be said in the Territories, was the main line of the C.P.R. The places at which court was held by Judge Wetmore were Yorkton or Saltcoats in the north; Carnduff and Estevan, and for a time Oxbow in the south, and Wolsley, Grenfell, Whitewood and Moosomin on the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway. In the early days the distant points north and south were reached by trails, some of them none too good. On these expeditions made in the interests of justice by Judge Wetmore, Public Prosecutor White, Q.C., and Sheriff Murphy. Mr. Murphy was in charge, as it were, and although there were some tough trips the sheriff always landed his Lordship at the appointed spot in time to open court. The duties of a sheriff are often of a nature to arouse antagonism if not carried out with discretion, tact and fairness. These qualities have always characterized Sheriff Murphy, and the just, able and considerate manner in which he has discharged his duties has gained him the respect of all. As a citizen he has held the most important positions. During the war he was most energetic in supporting recruiting and his services, combined with his rebellion record, led to his receiving the rank of Major in the Canadian Militia. The sheriff is still hale and hearty, and the writer cordially wishes him many years of continued usefulness and happiness.

LONG JOHN.

SIR RICHARD LAKE

Some time about 1898, Dr. Patrick, who was a member of the territorial legislature for Yorkton, made the remark that there were two men in the House who always seemed to exemplify to him the old Latin motto: "Mens Sana in Corpore Sano." "A Healthy Mind in a Healthy Body." These two men were inseparable and they were R. S. Lake, member for Grenfell, and A. E. Cross, member for East Calgary. Both were out of doors men and both were distinguished for high ideals of service and clear, common sense.

Long John Writes Interestingly upon some Examples of Art

The Edith Cavell Statue. Havelock and Gordon. The Beauty of Utility. Turner's Sea Pictures

I was in London last winter. I take a mild interest in the public statues—very fine and sympathetic I think. In Trafalgar Square are statues of Havelock and Gordon. I noticed them particularly and am glad I did, for presently I came across an article on art. It was the usual puff (to me) which is fashionable today in art circles or in some of them. The writer laid it down that the statue to Chinese Gordon was a work of art; that of Havelock was not. Why? Mark, both Havelock and Gordon were generals in the British army—and they were generals of the full dress period—not of the khaki and puttee age—if they hadn't been generals their statues wouldn't have been there at all. The reason Havelock was not a work of art was because it was a mere likeness, uniform spick and span and every button correct. Just a general of the British army on parade. There was no soul depiction, no mystery, nothing lugged out of the depths. But Gordon was art. His tunic was unbuttoned—in fact Gordon was a work of art, not because he looked

like a general but because he looked like a sloven. Well, a man is no more a subject for eulogy when his clothes are hanging about him anyhow than when he shows respect for his company by being decently tidy. But it seems to me that a good deal of the conventional art pose of today means that if a thing is what it purports to be, it can't be art, but if it looks like something it isn't or ought not to be or something that the ordinary man can't recognize, and does not want to—then that is art de profundis in exaltation—art out of sight.

Long John Talks About Art

I don't know anything about art, and that is why I am qualified to write about it, for after all art is for the million and not merely for the trained few—the trained few whose training, after all, may have all been wrong. Art should be for every man. The dullard peasant enjoys a picture if the picture is right. And if the picture makes no appeal to the ordinary man, it is not a work of art. It may be an excellent specimen of something produced in ac-

R. S. Lake belongs to one of those families of the British, the members of which seem to naturally gravitate into the service of their country. His father was a Colonel in the British army, who had seen much service, and his elder brother, Sir Percy Lake, has had a distinguished career in Canada and was at one time in charge of the British forces in Mesopotamia. Indeed it is said that he was his excellent organization and work which made the successes of Generals Allenby and Maude possible.

R. S. Lake was born sixty years ago next week, in England. As a young man he was in the admiralty branch of the British civil service, but in 1883 came with his father to Grenfell and engaged in farming. The family were very highly respected, and Winnemahigh Grange, as their place was called, was one of the most hospitable homes in the district.

Mr. Lake was one of the youngest justices of the peace in the North West Territories, and one of his first cases was the preliminary trial of Gaddy and Racette, who had murdered Hector McLeish north of Wolsley.

Sir Richard relates a picturesque instance of that trial. There were a number of Indian witnesses, and Chief O'Soup from Crooked Lake Reserves was called to the stand. He was a magnificent Indian of fine stature, commanding presence and a genuine gift for dignified speech. He was asked, through an interpreter, his status among the Indians. There were a number of them in the court room. He drew himself up and made a sweeping gesture of indescribable dignity and said "Yes, I am a chief among these people."

Sir Richard Lake was elected to the Legislative Assembly in 1898 and he continued in the Regina House until 1904, when he resigned to run for the federal constituency.

He was elected and sat in the Dominion House of Commons from 1904 until 1911, and at one time was the only Conservative member for the prairie country. He was appointed Lieutenant Governor of Saskatchewan in October, 1915, and there never has been a more popular incumbent of the office. He is modest and unassuming, yet he clothes his official acts with a fine dignity.

He is well assisted in dispensing hospitality at Government House by Lady Lake, whose gracious personality and kindness of heart has made her, perhaps, the most popular hostess in Western Canada. His term as Governor expires this year, but there seems to be a unanimous feeling in the west that he be appointed to succeed himself.

A WONDERFUL YARN

At the time of the construction of the C.P.R., and for many years afterwards, a portion of the British Columbia region immediately contiguous to the Alberta border was in the charge of the sheriff of the district, who was a remarkable character. He had been a police officer in Australia, and related many amusing stories of his experiences in various parts of the world. He had a stock story which he used to relate to convivial audiences with the greatest gravity.

He stated that on one occasion he was skating upon the frozen surface of an eastern Canada river, and the excellent ice and his own speed carried him a long way from home. Evening was falling when he found himself in a place where the river flowed through a forest, dark, gloomy and impenetrable. He had made up his mind to turn home when he saw a number of black forms emerging from the woods, and a big band of wolves came after him with open mouths and greedy looks.

The sheriff instantly proceeded to skate away from them and he managed to keep his distance for some twenty miles or so; when the wolves began to close in on him. He kept them at bay for some time, by kicking backwards at the leaders with his skate-shod feet. However, he began to be played out and, according to his own story, would undoubtedly have perished had it not been for the timely assistance of two men who were engaged in hoeing potatoes on the shore!

This is but one sample of his role of raconteur. The old timers around Golden, Revelstoke and the Kootenay valleys still remember his yarns with delight.

cordance with formulas. The eye of the critic may be charmed; his trained, but possibly warped and distorted sense of artistic values may be gratified, but even this man, if honest, will have, I think, to admit that there is something fundamentally pleasing from the picture, if he cannot stand and with a mind discharged of all investigating thought, feel the satisfying beauty, or read the appealing story which beams or speaks from that silent canvas. What I mean is, that if before he can get satisfaction out of that picture, a man has to examine it with the eye of a critic, has to satisfy himself that the drawing is all right, that the chiaroscuro is sufficiently scintillating and the lights are sufficiently lighted, and so on, if he has to do this or anything like it to satisfy the demands of his art jargon, it shows that the picture does not meet the requirements of those for whom it has been painted and they are the everyday men and women of the world. Who pays for the National Gallery in London? The art critics, purists, futurists and so on? No. Well, who? The great general public and the picture that doesn't give pleasure to the man or woman of ordinary intelligence has no business there if it is bought with the people's money. Of course, I shall be denounced as a Philistine, an ignoramus, and so on, but by whom? Not by the man in the street, but by these jargon talking people whose hearts and souls are obscured by the technical and fashionable and conventional and who can never let themselves go in a natural, unrestrained and uncalculating way. What has set me going on this line is this: There is a certain local whirlwind of depreciation and condemnation, rising sometimes to positive anathemas of certain alleged local works of art. They may be landscapes; they may be portraits—it doesn't matter. Half an hour ago, I got caught, not by any means for the first time in this whirlwind and I was told this: A most prominent and esteemed citizen had his portrait painted. He told the artist

EARN MONEY AT HOME
We will pay \$15 to \$25 weekly for those who are willing to write, no canvassing, no instructing you and keep your own time and steady work. Write or call Remond Show Card System, Dept. A, Corbin Bldg., 208 College St., Toronto, Ont. Open evenings.

the portrait wasn't like him and that he never looked like that. "Oh," said the artist, "I have reproduced a sudden expression which I caught on your face." "Then," snapped the unhappy victim, "I don't want to look with any sudden expression; I want to look just natural."

There you have it. If an artist paints a man or woman as he is, these so-called art connoisseurs will call it a postage stamp. Paint the same person with an expression that is foreign to the individual—it may be even grotesquely inappropriate, and Mr. Art Man will tell you that it is a work of art because the painter must have taken an X-ray of the sitter's interior and has been able to drag up from the subaqueous depths of his nature and character something entirely invisible to the naked eye of the ordinary man, some thing of which the person painted was entirely unconscious himself, something that never was and never will be on land or sea, as far as the unhappy individual who has been caricatured is concerned. So I plead for a portrait which shall be a true representation of the natural man—without obscurities or profundities or aimless gropings, after what, after all, is probably non-existent.

If any more money be spent in the west on alleged artistic productions, let it be spent in a way that the people can appreciate. If it is a portrait, let it be a portrait of a man as we know him, and not of some mysterious individual residing in his own vitals, and which it takes the miraculous eye of a modern artist to discover and identify and lug up to the surface and to smudge in with pigments that no Caucasian countenance ever came within a mile of resembling.

The Beauty of Utility

Beauty in some form is the supreme test of art, not necessarily beauty of form. There is the beauty of utility. A thing may

have no lines or coloring pleasing to the eye but it may be so perfect that we say, "How beautifully adapted it is to its purpose; how beautifully it works." And the beauty of utility is as real a thing as the beauty of form or expression. A lumber wagon expresses to a considerable extent my idea of the beauty of utility. That beauty from some important angle or other is the supreme test, is indicated by the use we make of the word beauty, or beautiful. We say a beautiful idea, a beautiful day, a beautiful summer fallow, a beautiful crop, a beautiful scheme, just as readily as we say a beautiful flower, a beautiful woman, or a beautiful picture. And when we get to the highest thing of all we desire to see the great King, not in His Majesty, in His thunders and lightnings of His power, but in His beauty.

But if you take an unbeautiful thing and paint it with never so much skill and fidelity you have not produced a work of art. If the thing painted is unbeautiful and repulsive, then the truest representation of the less a true work of art it is. The repulsive may be diabolically clever, it may be striking and arresting to a degree at the first glance, but if it repels, it is not true artistry. A true artist would never paint an unbeautiful thing. But you say, "What about St. George and the Dragon? Would you say an artist should not paint the dragon because it isn't beautiful?" Yes, but you beg the question. You have first to show me that a dragon is not a beautiful thing in its own way, and in its own sphere. Nobody is repelled by seeing a counterfeited presentment of the victorious saint conquering a malevolent monster. We rejoice in it, for it is a beautiful thing to see evil conquered. Please don't take me as intimating that all art should be "nice."

Turner's Sea Pictures

To show the reader beyond a shadow of doubt that I don't know anything about conventional art, let us take up Turner's sea pictures. Somebody once said to Turner, "I can't imagine any sea such as you paint," or words to that effect. The disorderly and eccentric genius replied, "Don't you wish you could?" When I read that first I got the secret of Turner's sea pictures, and when I went back to the Tate gallery in Chelsea, London, I looked at the Turners for the first time with a seeing eye. Previously I had stood before his work and said, "No human eye ever saw the sea like that, for if the sea were in such a turmoil of rage and spume and foam the air would be so filled with it that you could see nothing but close up confusion." You see I had stood on a break water within forty feet of a raging sea and could no more see the mighty ocean through that forty feet of spume than if it were a million miles away. Not only was the sea as a whole invisible, but no single spoonful of it could be seen. I remember one picture of Turner's showing a raging sea and an atmosphere filled with hoisting, surging mist, as it were, and yet this mist was tinged and made visible to the naked eye by what I took to be the red luminescence of a setting sun. "Impossible," I thought, "you couldn't see anything if the sea were in that fury." But after that remark of Turner's I saw where his genius came in. The picture was a picture of what the sea would look like if you could see it. Not only is that picture a triumph of color, but a triumph of the imagination, and impossible though it may be from the point of view of hard facts, yet from the point of view of imaginative art it is a splendid and inspiring reality. But in that same gallery is a sea picture representing the sea in a mood which is familiar to me and to every traveller on the mighty deep. It is a faithful work of art, a beautiful representation of a beautiful sea with nothing left to the imagination, because the picture is complete, realistic and perfect of its kind. The apostles of slush and flub-dud who irritate me so much would say that that picture was not a work of art at all because there was nothing mysterious or far fetched about it. Tumble the sea up and make it all the colors of the rainbow and they would

begin to see a wonderful virtue in it.

A Picture in Chicago

A few years ago I was in Chicago for a few days and I dropped in and out of the fine Art Museum. There is a collection of American paintings there. There was one medium sized picture there and there was always a little crowd before it. I did not notice this of any other picture in the whole collection. It was a picture of an elderly European peasant—it might be in Spain or Italy—playing on what looked like some kind of clarinet, to some villagers. A few men, women and children, all attired in unpicturesque working attire. I looked at every face in that picture and they were all homely, work-a-day faces. The old man was as homely as a stump fence. The artist had made no attempt at idealization, and yet the picture was the most striking in the whole gallery. Why? Hard to say in words, although I know what I would like to be able adequately to express. The old man and those homely people were all under the potent charm of the music he was evolving from that old pipe of his. Behind him stood the divine Orpheus, invisible, playing on his lyre and the music of the gods was in that picture and you heard it somehow, as those people were hearing it. That homely picture I pronounce a triumph of art, and all the passers-by, cultivated and uncultivated, felt it and knew it, although they might not have been able to tell you how or why. Those flub-dub people would turn up their noses at a plain and simple picture like that.

Venus of Milo and the Elgin Marbles

I don't think much of this Venus. There is too much of her. Her neck is too thick and her limbs are too indicative of physical power to suit my uncultured taste. I felt that if that woman got mad with me she could handle me in the most unpleasant fashion. Her proportions are said to be perfect. I suppose they are. I remember a prize competition for women whose measurements came nearest to the proportions of this powerful and handsome, but to me, not particularly womanly creature. It seems to me that when you begin to run a tape over a work of art the proceeding is fatal.

But the Elgin marbles! Those figures are a work of art, literally alive. Anyway they live. They act. They are. There is a living soul of some kind in those ancient carvings.

Schumann is said to have laid it down that in music that which sounds right is right. I would apply the same dictum to painting. What looks right is right, and a thing that doesn't look right even to the untrained and non-technical eye, can't be right. One golden rule I would lay down for the artists who may paint Saskatchewan worthies for posterity and it is this—"Don't try to improve on nature by making them less good-looking than they are."

LONG JOHN.

Family Expenses

"Yes, it cost me ten thousand dollars to have my family tree looked up, and five thousand more to have it hushed up."

Higher Salaries

The salary of members of the cabinet is to be increased from \$7,000 to \$10,000 per annum; that of the prime minister from \$12,000 to \$15,000. The salary of the solicitor general who does not usually hold cabinet rank, is increased from \$5,000 to \$7,000; that of the leader of the opposition from \$7,000 to \$10,000; of the speakers of the Senate and the House of Commons from \$4,000 to \$6,000; and of the deputy speaker of the House from \$3,000 to \$4,000. The salaries of judges of the supreme court of Canada, of judges of the superior courts of provinces and of county court judges are similarly increased. Notwithstanding the increases which have been made it is stated that judicial salaries in Canada are still considerably below those now being paid to judges holding corresponding positions in Great Britain and some of the other dominions of the Empire.

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NOTICE

In consequence of the extra pressure of business I have been compelled to take Larger Premises.

On and after JULY 15th all Shoe Repairing will be carried on in the old Telford barber shop on Second Avenue opp. Washburn's hardware.

Charles Redgwell

Second Ave. Wainwright (Opp. Washburn's Hardware)
Mail orders promptly attended to. Open from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Saturdays till 9 p.m.

PLANNING TO KEEP THE
MILK FLOW DURING
SUMMER AND FALL

Once more we are entering upon the season of the year when the dairy farmer expects the greatest yield from his cows and his pastures, and if the season is right the land will be fairly "flowing with milk and honey." Unfortunately, however, the season is not always just as right as it might be. Invariably in one section or another there is a drought with its consequent shortage of pasture and decrease in milk flow.

It is important at this time that some form of supplementary feed be supplied, for if the milk flow is once allowed to decline it is almost impossible to get it up to the previous high mark again. A little extra feed at this time will produce more milk than will three times the amount fed after the decline has taken place. Many will have profited by past experience and have made preparation for the storage of pasture by sowing a piece of annual pasture or soiling crop. Others again may have some of the previous year's crop of silage to fall back on. In any and

particularly the last of the above methods, we have a very efficient means of supplementing the pastures. For those who have not yet made any provision it is not too late to sow an extra acre of corn, some fall turnips, or even a piece of rape. The turnips may be pulled as needed and fed tops and all while the rape may be pastured off in the late summer and fall. Where previous preparation has not been made, cuttings of the regular crops, such as green oats and peas, second-cut clover, and green corn will have to be made to fill the bill.

To speak of grain feeding on pasture at present prices seems absurd, and it will be found to be somewhat of an extravagance except with very high producing cows. Where the grains are obtainable a mixture of two parts bran and one each of ground oats and cottonseed meal is excellent.

Apart from the feeding of the cows, there is the question of water and shade supply. Both are very necessary. Where sufficient protection from the flies, in the form of shade or underbrush is not to be found, it would be advisable

to keep the animals in the stable during the hotter part of the day allowing them out in the evening. Where supplementary feed has to be cut and hauled to the cows less waste will be occasioned when fed while inside. Where the cows have access to water at all day they should have protection from the flies by spraying with some good fly repellent.

THE WHEAT CROP
(Continued from page 1.)

ed were introduced by settlers from Montana, Idaho, Washington, and other States.

Owing to the fact that the most popular of these, viz., Red Fife, required a long season in which to ripen, and was therefore frequently frosted, there became apparent an imperative need for earlier varieties. Several new cross-bred wheat were introduced about this time by the Dominion Experimental Farms. Of these the first to claim attention was Early Fife, an early ripening hard red wheat. Later Huron, Stanley, and Preston, and others of lesser import were adopted. Of these and earlier varieties Huron, Stanley, Little Club and Ladoga have persisted until today, the first and last mentioned continuing to serve a large field of usefulness in the central and northern sections of the province.

More modern than any of the aforementioned and by all means of infinitely greater value to the wheat growers of Alberta is the Marquis wheat, perhaps the most wonderful achievement in the realm of wheat breeding. It combines in one wheat, in a most unusual degree, the qualities of high yield, high quality, medium early maturity, non-shattering propensity, red colour and strong medium long straw. Marquis has supplanted nearly all other wheats and today stands without a peer. It is true certain of the newer strains have a greater suitability for special conditions of soil and climate—none of them however began to fill such a wide field of usefulness.

Later introductions than Marquis are—Early Red Fife, a pure line strain out of Red Fife, developed by the Dominion Cerealist; Kitchener, a new wheat introduced by Seager Wheeler of Rosthern; Red Bobs, another production by the same grower; Prelude and Pioneer, early hybrid wheats produced by the Dominion Cerealist; Kubanka, a dry land wheat introduced by the Department of Agriculture Washington, D. C. and finally Ruby—the latest production to be

brought out by the Dominion Cerealist.

When the winter was appointed head of the Department of Field Husbandry in 1917, in the University of Alberta, steps were taken immediately to make a careful survey of the needs of the wheat growers in the province. Owing to the increasingly growing demand for more and more bread stuffs, it was plainly apparent that wheat as a source of food would long continue to be in demand, even after hostilities ceased, and that western Canada with her cheap lands would be able to compete on every favourable grounds with other wheat growing areas.

Large numbers of wheats had already been brought together by Dean Howes and these were added to by the writer. It was apparent that there were many sections where early fall frosts occurred, for which more suitable wheat must be produced. Selection and breeding experiments were inaugurated immediately, and it is hoped that definite contributions can be made that will enable the greatest number of farmers in Alberta to grow wheat, even through in many instances it be only a small acreage.

Much head selection work in the standard varieties of wheat has already resulted in making it possible for the University to supply large numbers of farmers with pure stocks of good seed to serve as the foundation for pure seed production.

SYDENHAM S. D., No. 1869

TENDERS

TENDERS will be received up to July 15th, 1920, by the undersigned for building a Cement Foundation Wall under the Sydenham schoolhouse at 20-45-6th St.

Plans and specifications can be seen at The Star office. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
J. G. MORTON
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Bulls for Sale

Herd headed by "Dales Gift" No. 25,077

Grand Champion Edmonton Exhibition, also First Prize winner at Calgary and other points.

The following cows are in the herd:—Christmas Queen, Rosemount Beauty, Princess Alberta, of Island Park, all famous animals and their descendants.

I have Five Choice Bulls for Sale, three of them ready for heavy service; also a number of Bull Calves. Come & See them.

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Get it from druggists for 30 cents. Don't wait until the bottle is empty and get your money back.

Ever constipated or have sick headaches? Just try Wizard Liver Pills, pleasant little pink pills, 30 cents. Guaranteed.

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Have you stocked up with SUGAR and supplies for Preserving and Harvest Season?

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If thinking of making such a purchase let us talk it over. We make terms to suit our customers.

Drop in and look one over

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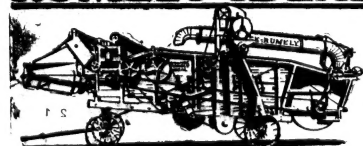
QUAN FUNG

NOTICE

JOE HING announces that despite his previous notice he will be continuing his laundry business. He will be starting again on Thursday June 10th and would like to see all his old patrons. Your patronage solicited.

31-7p

RUMELY IDEAL



It's what you save that counts

IT'S not only the grain you raise—it's what you save that makes the profit. It's grain in the sack that you want—not in the stack.

The Rumely Ideal Separator, which we sell, and which we back with our reputation, is the most efficient grain saving machine on the market and we can prove it.

A thrasher that is not designed right cannot work right. The Ideal is built around the correct principle that a threshing machine to deliver all the grain must keep the straw on the patented traveling rake that carries the straw up and delivers it to the straw rack in a constant even stream. And the Ideal straw rack carries out the same principle. Instead of depending upon shakers only, the Ideal rack has a series of lifting fingers that tear the straw open, rake it and beat it from beneath.

Start at the Ideal cylinder—the way the grates are placed to prevent "pushing up" of the straw, bunching and winding. There's a free even delivery of straw from the cylinder to the patented traveling rake that carries the straw up and delivers it to the straw rack in a constant even stream. And the Ideal straw rack carries out the same principle. Instead of depending upon shakers only, the Ideal rack has a series of lifting fingers that tear the straw open, rake it and beat it from beneath.

We could go on and tell how every operation of the Ideal fits into that first principle of correct threshing but we haven't room here. And anyway, we have a catalog for you that covers the machine from start to finish.

We can supply the Ideal in any of five sizes—big capacity, thorough, clean threshers, every one of them.

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W. S. Goulet Prop. THIRD AVENUE

Edmonton Journal

VOL. 36 No. 95 EDMONTON SATURDAY

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How the British Authorities are Planning to Sterilize India's Sacred Rivers

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STRONG THREAD WHITE
COTTON HOSE, sizes 7 to 9,
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the very articles you require

21 pairs CHILDREN'S White
CANVAS SANDALS with rub-
ber soles, sizes 8 to 2, selling
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\$1.25

Canvas Shoe Snaps For This Week

30 pairs WOMEN'S HIGH TOP WHITE CANVAS
SHOES, sizes 4 to 7, French or Cuban heel, **EXTRA**
Special at per pair,

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24 pairs WOMEN'S CANVAS PUMPS or MARY-
JANES, medium heel, sizes 4 to 7, **A REAL SNAP** now
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BOYS' BROWN CANVAS SHOES, re-inforced toe,
leather sole and heel, sizes 11 to 5; These are dandy for
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MEN'S BROWN CANVAS SHOES, re-inforced toe,
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Seasonable Lines For Summer Wear



Nice Soft Wool Slip-on
Sweaters for the Cool
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Fifty different patterns
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BATHING SUITS FOR ALL
MEMBERS of the FAMILY
in Cotton or Wool, seasonable
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Rompers, Dresses, and Coat Bargains

60 CHILDREN'S ROMPERS in light or dark Prints
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Prints and Gingham; all good washers; sizes 2 to 8 years
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Cloth and Chambray, sizes 34 to 40, different colors and
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7 only, LADIES EXTRA GOOD QUALITY SUMMER
COATS, made of Silvertone and Serges, sizes 36 to 40; a
real honest-to-goodness snap. For this week we will sell
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20 p.c. off reg. price

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We Refund
Your Money

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST

In compliance with the orders
of the fire commissioner,
the utility man was busy last
week making a clean-up of the
foose packing material and
burning it. Good job finished,
but why didn't it go to the
dump?

Miss Bessie Aldridge from Ed-
is visiting for a holiday with
relatives and friends in town.

A special meeting of the Wain-
wright Local U.F.A. will be
held in the Wainwright hotel
at 2.15 p.m. on Saturday, July
17th, when the business will be
to receive orders and arrange
for the buying of binder twine
and to hear report of commit-
tee on purchase of old immigra-
tion hall and confer with U.F.
W.A. on the same. 14-7c

W. E. Doble, who was recent-
ly on The Star staff, was a
visitor from Edmonton for the
week end. He reports working
conditions up there real good.

Mrs M. Rowland and Mrs
Gehring returned from Ed-
monton where Mrs Gehring
has been taking treatment for
her eyes.

Mr and Mrs Hughes, of Man-
itau, Man. are visiting their
son, Mr. Moffat for their
summer holiday.

Notice is published in the of-
ficial Gazette that the Act re-
specting employment offices
(passed April 17th, 1919) is
now in force. This gives the
provincial government a mono-
poly of this business.

The members of St Luke's
Catholic church are arranging
to hold their annual picnic at
Normandin's Lake, on Wed-
nesday afternoon July 28th.
Sports will be held and supper
served on the grounds.

Congratulations to Lloyd
Myers, who led all comers at
the big stampede at Neutral
Hills last week and came home
rejoicing with first money.

Mr G. Pullyblank has arrived
from Edmonton to hold a po-
sition at the Atlas Lumber yard.

Mrs E. Ganderton, who has
been visiting with friends in
Edmonton and who stayed to
take in the big fair, returned
home on Saturday last.

On account of increased
business, C. Redgewell is mov-
ing his business from his pre-
sent stand to the old Telford
premises on second avenue. We
understand he has purchased
the stand outright.

H. L. Hoegh, was away to the
big farmers' meeting at Rib-
stone this week, when a cream
shippers' association was formed.

A large number of the faith-
ful took in the Orange celebra-
tion at Tofield on Monday,
travelling thence by G. T. P.
special which ran from Chau-
vin for that purpose.

M. T. George, editor of the
Melville Progress, was in town
for a couple of days last week
in weekly newspaper interests
in general, and tells us that
crops through his district are
all in fine shape.

A lawn social will be held
under the auspices of the U. F.
W. A. at the farm of J. Pat-
erson at Greenshields on Wed-
nesday, July 24th, from 6 p.m.
when everybody will be wel-
come—Ice cream and refresh-
ments will be served.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR SALE or Exchange—A
1½ storey Frame Cottage on
lot 8, blk 22, south side Fifth
avenue, Wainwright; price
\$700.00 or will exchange for
Cattle—Address Box 42,
McBride, B.C. 21-7c

FOR SALE—I.H.C. Gasoline
Engine, in first-class shape.
—Call at The Star office if

Some 200 farmers and their
wives from N. Dakota spent
Thursday last in town and
visited the park. They are on
a colonization tour in charge
of Government Agent Black,
and will make the trip right
through to Prince Rupert.

G. T. P. officials have been
ticking in town during the past
week. T. P. White, coal com-
missioner, was here for a couple
of days with his wife and
daughter, and Messrs Lett, col-
onization agent, and W. C. Rid-
dell, chief advertising agents,
were both here on Thursday
last.

Miss N. Shirley left on Sat-
urday evening last bound for
Red Deer, where she will fill a
position as teller at the
Merchants Bank. After some
years under Mr H. C. Munn in
town she will be again with the
same supervision, which speaks
highly of her services and ex-
perience.

Call at the Star office and get
a copy of the prize list of the
fair fair. Then get busy on
your exhibits.

Messrs Wilcox and Boyd were
trippers to Edmonton fair last
week.

Notices are posted calling a
school ratepayers' meeting for
Monday next at 8 p.m. in the
school hall when important
matters are to be discussed.

Our town has resumed its
normal appearance this week,
all the fair trippers are safely
back home again—tired but
happy.

The local branch of the G.W.
V.A. are announcing that no
further meetings of this body
will be held for a couple of
months. The secretary will give
due notice of the next.

Mrs J. Telford was away
visiting in the city last week
taking in the big fair at the
same time.

Judging from the appearance
of some local gardens we think
a pretty good bunch of amateur
gardeners in town. Maybe the
excellent season has a lot to
do with it, but anyway they
certainly look good.

Boost yourself by boosting
your district. The Wainwright
agricultural society's fall fair
promises to be better than ever.
Get a prize list and prepare
your exhibits.

M.G. Cardell and family have
gone to their summer cottage at
Gull Lake, near Lacombe,
for a short vacation, leaving
town last week end.

Mr and Mrs C. G. Fieldhouse
of Winnipeg, while returning
from Portland, Ore. stayed off
for the week end as the guests
of Mrs H. V. Fieldhouse and
Mrs J. Gerow.

D. W. Hansen is the proud
possessor of a brand new Ford
these days, and we are figuring
on another joyride or two some
time.

Rev Dr. Langfeldt, of Edmon-
ton was a visitor to town last
week in the interests of London
publishing house. He was here
for a couple of days.

Just to show what this dis-
trict is capable of M.A. Boyer
reports that his first picking of
tame strawberries gave 10
gallons of fruit. He brought the
editor in a sample and it sure
was a luscious treat. Wain-
wright takes some beating, you
bet!

We learn that Soren Soren-
son lost his house by fire on
Sunday morning and we sym-
pathize in the loss. Sustained
His place is some 7 or 8 miles
south of town.

Did you notice that a special
meeting of the members of the
Wainwright agricultural so-
ciety is called for Saturday
next. Make a note of it and
endeavor to be present!

Another foolhardy attempt
to ride Niagara Falls resulted
on Sunday in the death of Chas.
Stephens, the man making the
trip, owing to his riding barrel
bursting.

We Are Not Satisfied!
and We are Not Going To Be Satisfied
until we have given each and every customer
absolute ultimate satisfaction.

We are determined that the foundation of every
business transaction at this yard must be the customers
absolute ultimate satisfaction.

And we ask you, the reader, to remember that the word
satisfaction covers all such things as quality, full count,
good grades, and last but not least, price, and further re-
member that we are fully aware of all that the word
means when we use it and we're prepared to stand right
behind every word and meaning in this advertisement.

To those of you who are inclined to doubt the above
statement we would say that it can very readily and
easily be proved by you the next time you are in the mar-
ket for anything in the line of building material.

Try us and be convinced that this is the yard with a
conscience.

CALL CLUTE FOR CLEAN COAL

THE IMPERIAL LUMBER CO. LTD.

H. A. CLUTE LOCAL MANAGER
Phone 10 3 rd. Avenue

Secrets of COLD-PACK CANNING

Can you picture the ease of Cook-
ing Food by the

CONSERVO

Method?

AN ENTIRE MEAL OR JARS OF MEAT, FRUIT
OR VEGETABLES

NO NEED TO WATCH THE FOOD WHILE IN
PROCESS OF COOKING!

See This "Conservo" Cooking Device
at our store

W. E. WASHBURN
IF IT'S HARDWARE WE HAVE IT

Screen Out The Flies!

We are carrying this year a large line of SCREEN
DOORS made in our own factory to last.

SPLIT CEDAR POSTS

We carried over a large stock from last year and are
selling them now at last year's prices.

CANADA PAINT IS PURE PAINT. We have a Stock.

CAN'T SAG GATES

THE BEST AND THE STRONGEST GATES MADE

Everything in Building Material

(except the nails). Do you need a Hay-Rack, Implement
Shed, Granary, Barn, Chicken House, or any other build-
ing, or alteration? COME TO US—We have the goods

We can tell you in a short time the cost of any build-
ing you think of erecting, and are always glad to be of
service to you in any way connected with our business.

Our Phone Nos. are—OFFICE 57; RESIDENCE 93

Atlas Lumber Co., Ltd.
HOME BUILDERS J. WELCH, Agent
PHONE—OFFICE 57; RES. 93